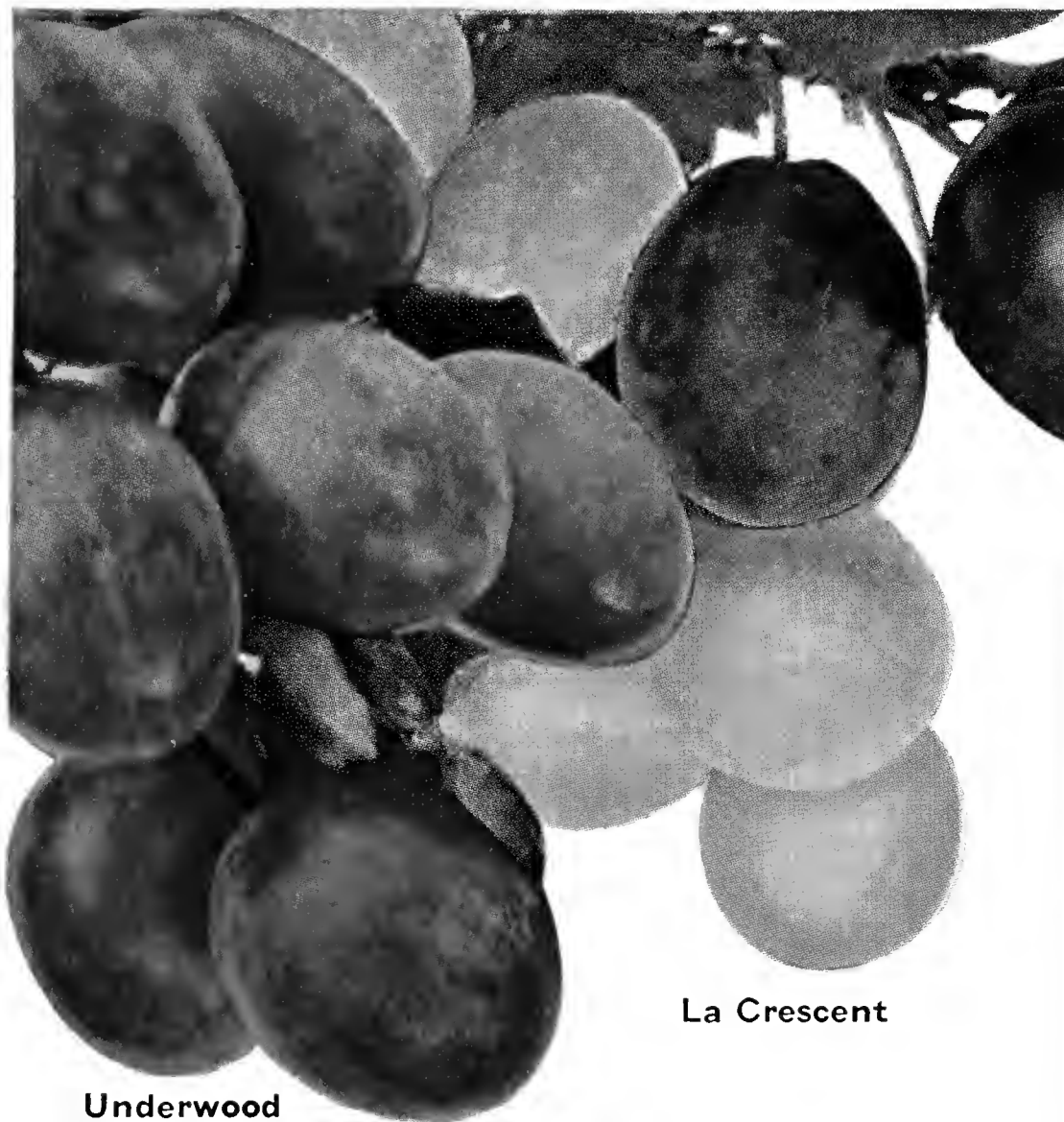


Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



Underwood



La Crescent



Monitor

Bailey's Special Plum Orchard

•
4 Underwood 2 to 4 ft.

4 La Crescent 2 to 4 ft.

4 Monitor 2 to 4 ft.

•
12 Trees for

\$1.48

Spring
1938

J. V. BAILEY
NURSERIES

Dayton's Bluff Station •

St. Paul, Minn.

PHONE LA SALLE 9364



J. V. Bailey

A PERSONAL MESSAGE

FROM

J. V. Bailey

As another Spring season approaches, we are fortunate in having the finest lot of nursery stock that we have ever offered. Most nursery stock takes from two to five years to produce. Therefore, many varieties are scarce this year due to drought and other conditions existing at the time this stock was planted. We have been fortunate in being able to cultivate and care for our stock in the proper way and by the extensive use of irrigation.

We grow our own stock. When you buy from us you save the commissions paid to agents and know for a certainty that you are getting high quality plants, properly handled from the time they are dug until they reach you.

We have a large stock of many varieties that we are offering at greatly reduced prices. This stock is of the same high quality as that which has given us thirty years of successful nursery business. We are grateful for the loyalty of our customers and it is our hope that our pleasant relations will continue.

Attention

We invite our customers to come and select their own stock. However, mail orders receive our personal attention and we assure you that we will select your stock with the utmost care.

Read Our Liberal Guarantee and Terms of Sale

Any material failing to grow, will be resupplied at one-half the original cost of the stock, provided we are informed of such failure prior to October 1st, 1938.

Cash with order or will accept one-fourth of purchase price in advance and ship goods C. O. D. for the balance. All stock priced f.o.b. St. Paul or at nursery except where otherwise stated.

We are careful to keep our varieties true to name and will replace any portion of the stock that may prove otherwise or refund the price paid for such portions. It is agreed that the original price shall be the maximum damages the purchaser is entitled to.

A Certificate of Inspection Accompanies Each Order.

Care of Nursery Stock

When the stock is received, open the bundle in the shade out of the wind and, if you are not ready to plant immediately, heel the roots in the ground, soaking them well as you do. If well heeled in, they can be kept without damage for a reasonable time. Ask for our free booklet on planting and care of nursery stock.

Our Nursery is located just off of Highway 61, at the St. Paul city limits, across the river from South St. Paul.

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Plant Bailey's Hardy Northern-Grown

APPLES

Our trees are all 3 years old and are of the varieties that we consider best for our climate. We graft our own apples on roots that we grow ourselves, which assures you of the hardiest stock available. Our apples have withstood the drought the last two or three years, right alongside of trees that were on tender roots that died out.

We have only a limited supply of apple trees this year and we urge our customers to place their orders early to avoid disappointment. Fruit plants, especially apples are very scarce throughout the country and there is certain to be a shortage before the season is far advanced.

DELICIOUS—A well known variety of high quality. Bright red. A good winter keeper. We recommend planting Delicious in a sheltered location.

DUCHESS—Season, July and August. A vigorous growing, hardy tree and heavy bearer. Fruit is large, greenish yellow, striped with red. This is the standard early Apple for the Northwest.

ERICKSON—This apple was originated at Aitkin, Minnesota, a few years ago and is proving a real success as an early apple. The fruit which ripens about the same time as the Duchess, is very large and a deep red in color.

FOLWELL—A large apple, green with a red blush. Season early September. Excellent for pie.

McINTOSH—McIntosh has been grown for many years in the East, but has just recently been found to be hardy in Minnesota and the Northwest. We have had trees fruiting for the past ten years in our orchards. We find them very satisfactory and feel safe in recommending McIntosh for planting in all sections except Northern Minnesota. It is a very attractive, well colored apple of exceptionally high quality. The fruit keeps until late winter.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING—A late winter apple. The tree is a vigorous grower and fairly hardy. Fruit is very large, yellowish green, when ripe. A good pie and baking Apple.

PATTEN'S GREENING — This Apple is popular on account of its hardiness and heavy yielding qualities. Fruit is large, green with pink blush. Tree is thrifty and grows in a spreading form. Season — September.

WEALTHY—Wealthy is still our leading apple of its season. Ripens in early September and keeps until the Holidays. Wealthy has undoubtedly made more money for the commercial growers in Minnesota and adjoining states than any other variety. The fruit is medium to large in size, and colors up to a beautiful red. Quality exceptionally good. Tree is very hardy and a heavy yielder.



5 to 6 ft.

4 to 5 ft.

3 to 4 ft.

Apple Trees

BAILEY'S HARDY APPLES



Beacon Apple

Beacon

The New All-Red Eating Apple

A recent introduction of the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm that promises to take the place of Duchess. Beacon ripens with Duchess or sometimes a few days later. Fruit is completely red and of uniform fair size. Excellent eating Apple and a good cooking Apple.

We feel that Beacon is superior to other apples of the same season and will undoubtedly replace them largely. In our own trial orchards, as well as other reports we have had, it has proven to be perfectly hardy and a heavy annual cropper. Tree is upright in growth and a vigorous grower.

Unlike most of the early apples which last for a short time, Beacon can be stored in an ordinary cellar for two or three months. The advantages of this, from a commercial standpoint, are obvious, as they can be marketed whenever the price and demand is favorable.

Its splendid quality and appearance, uniform size, and good handling qualities are sure to make Beacon a valuable apple for home use and in the commercial orchard. It fills the demand for a quality apple that comes in before the Wealthy, Haralson, and other apples of similar season.

Haralson

A proven Leader in Minnesota and the Northwest

It Has Everything—

1. Color—bright red.
2. Quality—good.
3. Size—large.
4. Season—late fall.
5. Keeping—excellent, until April and May.
6. Yield—Yields heavy and often bears fruit the second year after planting.
7. Hardiness—Is recommended throughout Minnesota and is found thriving in Canada.

The Leading Commercial Apple

In addition to being almost a perfect apple for the home orchard HARALSON is being planted extensively in commercial orchards. Wide awake planters are switching to Haralson.

It is the first apple we have ever had that we sincerely say can be grown on a commercial scale in competition with Jonathan and similar apples shipped into this territory.



Haralson Apple

ARE ON HARDY ROOTS

Haralson in Great Demand

The market demands a good sized, red, long keeping apple. Haralson fully satisfies all these qualifications and in addition, stands handling and shipping well.

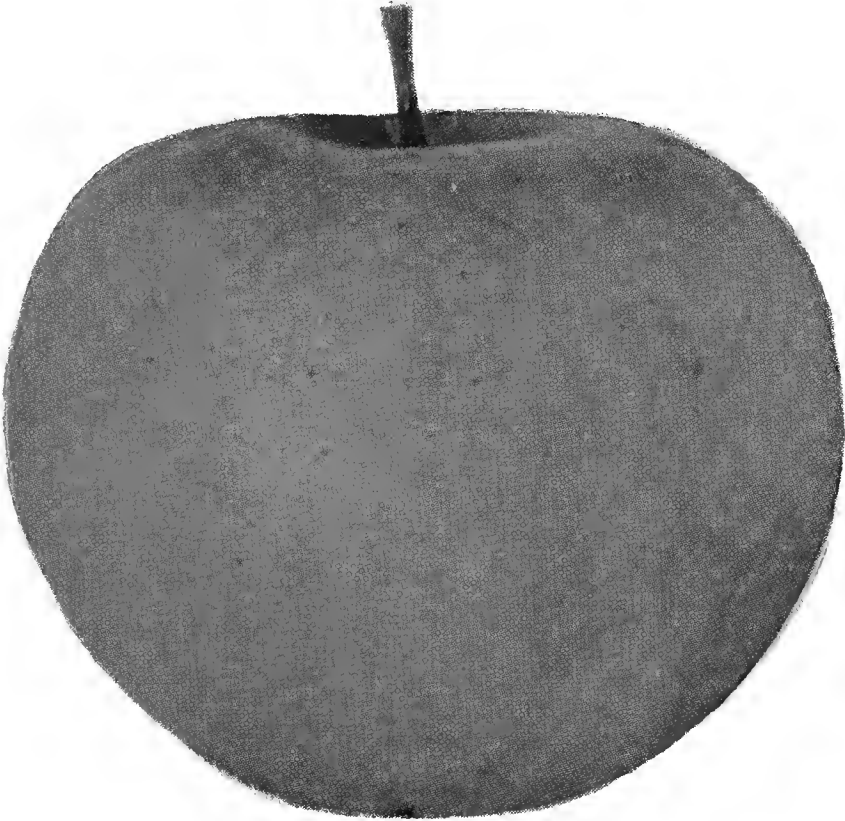
Bears Young

Haralson is a prolific bearer, and the orchard trees yield very young. They often start bearing the second year after planting. The tree is strong and they carry heavy loads without splitting the branches.

Originated and introduced by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm.

HARALSON PRICES

	Each	10
3-4 ft. trees	\$.40	\$2.80
4-5 ft. trees . . . . .	.65	5.85
5-6 ft. trees	1.00	9.00



Northwestern Greening

MINNESOTA NO. 1007

The New—Long Keeping—High Quality Red Apple

No. 1007 is a very promising apple and in our opinion, is probably the best of the recent introductions of the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm.

It is a medium to large apple, ripening late, and an exceptionally good keeper. It keeps, with ordinary storage, even better than Haralson. Fruit is completely covered with Carmine red stripes and is very attractive. Quality is very good.

The tree apparently is perfectly hardy, but we do not recommend planting it in northern Minnesota as the season is not long enough to properly mature the fruit. We offer only a limited supply this year and suggest that you try at least one or two trees in your orchard.



Wealthy Apple

MINNESOTA NO. 700

Another promising introduction of the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. No. 700 is of the Wealthy type and season. However, it has several features that indicate that it will surpass, if not replace, the Wealthy.

- 1. It has much better color.
- 2. Hangs to the trees better.
- 3. Equal, if not better than Wealthy in quality.

MINNESOTA NO. 638

A well colored apple. Size is medium to large. No. 638 matures late and is a good keeper and, with ordinary storage facilities, will keep well until February or March. It has one distinguishing feature, not common in most winter apples, in that it is ready to eat as soon as it is picked.

The fruit hangs well to the trees and the quality is very good.

The tree seems to be perfectly hardy, but like Minn. No. 1007 we do not recommend planting it in northern Minnesota because the fruit will not mature properly.

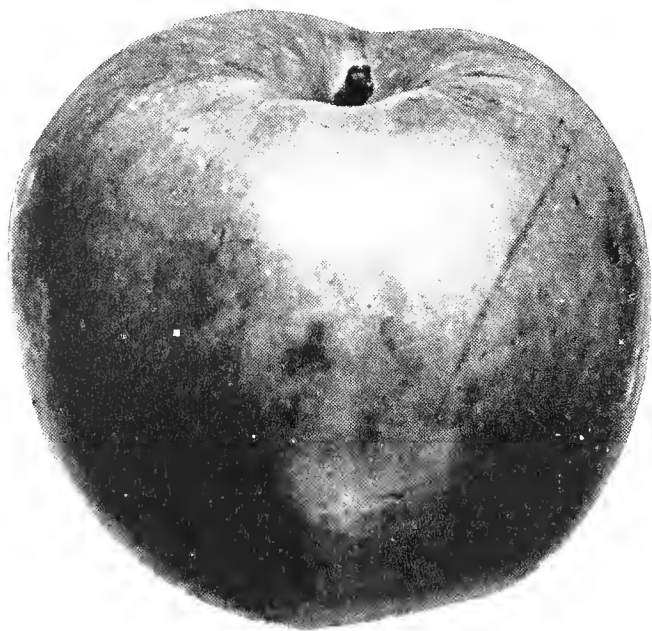
ORDER EARLY

Order early while our assortment is complete. We have a very fine lot of stock this year but as the season progresses we always run short of some varieties. Be sure to specify on your order whether or not we can substitute equally desirable varieties provided we are out of some of the items.

PARCEL POST

Many of the smaller items can be shipped by parcel post at less expense than by express. Include 10 percent for packing and postage if desired by parcel post. Windbreak trees are pre-paid. 4-5 ft. and 5-6 ft. fruit trees cannot be sent by mail.

Plant Bailey's Acclimated Northern-Grown Trees



Minn. No. 1007 Apple

PRICES OF APPLES

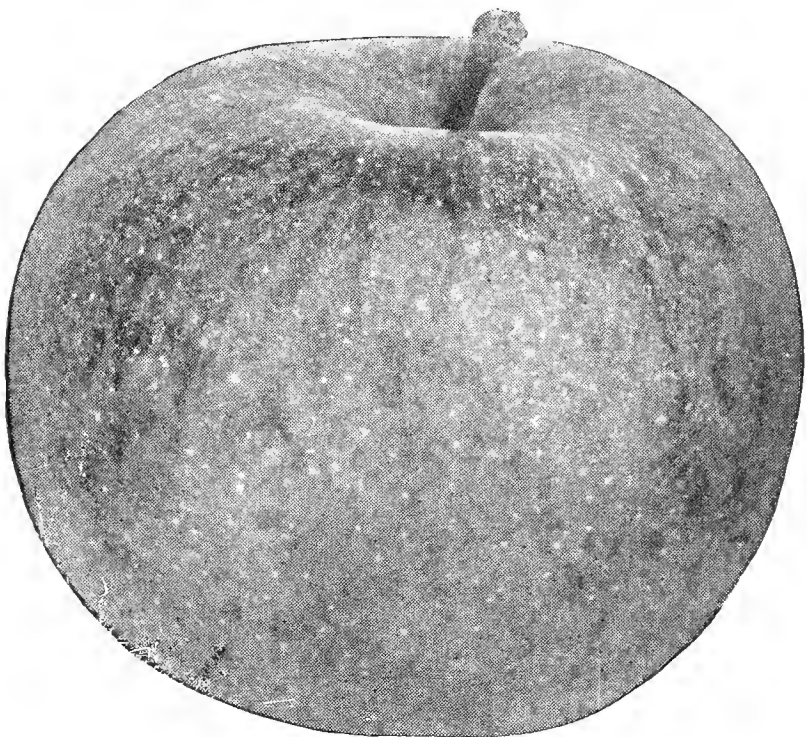
		Each	Per 10
Delicious	}		
Duchess			
Erickson			
Folwell			
Haralson	}	3-4 ft. \$.40	\$ 2.80
McIntosh		4-5 ft. .65	5.85
Northwest. Greening		5-6 ft. 1.00	9.00
Pattens Greening			
Wealthy			
Anoka	}	3-4 ft. .50	3.80
		4-5 ft. .75	6.85
		5-6 ft. 1.25	11.00
Beacon	}	3-4 ft. .70	4.30
		4-5 ft. .95	7.35
		5-6 ft. 1.25	11.00
No. 1007	}	3-4 ft. 1.00	9.00
No. 638		4-5 ft. 1.25	11.00
No. 700		5-6 ft. 1.50	13.50

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO AN ACRE

Distance Apart	No. Required
2 x 4 ft.—Strawberries	5,445
5 x 5 ft.—Raspberries, hills	1,742
3 x 6 ft.—Raspberries, hedge	2,420
5 x 7 ft.—Currants	1,244
8 x 10 ft.—Grapes	544
15 x 20 ft.—Fruit Trees	145
15 x 24 ft.—Fruit Trees	121
15 x 30 ft.—Fruit Trees	96
17 x 18 ft.—Fruit Trees	142
18 x 18 ft.—Fruit Trees	134
30 x 30 ft.—.....	48

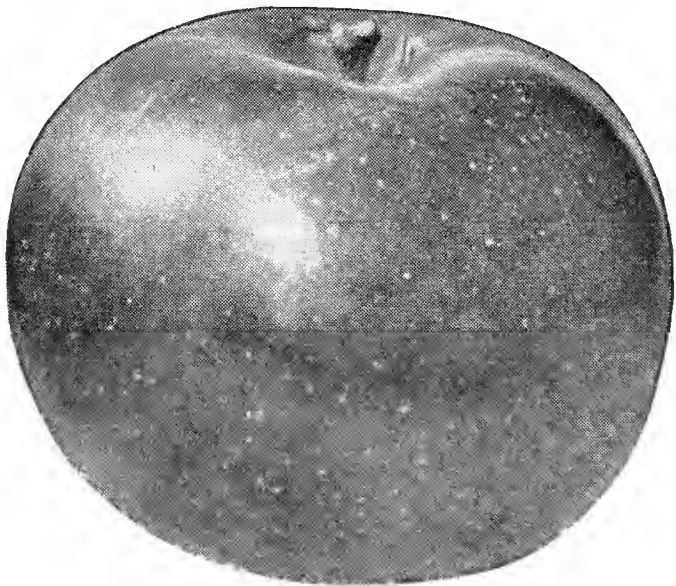
RULE—Multiply distance apart each way in feet, divide 43,560 by the product. Quotient is number of trees or plants needed to set an acre.

For special prices on smaller sizes of apples see page 14.



Anoka Apple

ANOKA—Early bearing, generally fruiting the second year after planting. Originated by Prof. N. E. Hansen in South Dakota. The tree will bear earlier than any other apple. It is not unusual for small two year old trees to fruit in the nursery rows. It is just the tree for those who are starting a new orchard. The quality is good, the season September. Tree is very hardy, and a heavy and early bearer. Fruit is green, heavily covered with red streaks.



McIntosh Apple

HANDY CHART OF FRUITS

SHOWING SEASONS AND COLOR

APPLES—CRAB APPLES		WINTER	MEDIUM
SUMMER		Delicious—Red. McIntosh—Dark red. Northwestern Greening—Green. Haralson—Red. Minnesota No. 1007—Red. Minnesota No. 638—Red.	La Crescent—Yellow. Red Wing—Red. Freestone. Tonka—Red. Freestone. Waneta—Red. Oka Cherry—Dark red with red flesh Sapa Cherry—Dark red with red flesh. Opata Cherry—Dark red with green flesh. Zumbro—Dark red with red flesh.
FALL			LATE
Folwell—Green. Patten's Greening—Green. Wealthy—Red. Minnesota No. 700—Red Dolgo Crab—Brilliant red. Transcendent Crab—Red. Virginia Crab—Red.		PLUMS—CHERRIES EARLY Superior—Red. Underwood—Red. Semi-Freestone.	Ember—Yellow with red blush. Fiebing Prize—Dark red. Surprise—Red. Nicollet Cherry—Red.

SPRAY CHART

When to Spray	APPLES Materials to use to make 100 gals. spray	PLUMS—CHERRIES Materials to use to make 100 gals. spray
DORMANT (When temp. is high enough so it will dry before freezing).	Lime Sulphur solution, 12½ gals. for Scale.	Lime Sulphur solution, 12½ gals. for Scale.
PRE-PINK (Complete before buds show pink).	Lime Sulphur solution, 2 to 2½ gals. for Scab. Lead Arsenate, 3 to 4 lbs. should be added for Curculio and Leaf Roller.	Lime Sulphur solution, 2 to 2½ gals. for Scab. Lead Arsenate, 3 to 4 lbs. should be added for Curculio and Leaf Roller.
PINK (Cluster Bud) (When flower buds show pink, complete before blossoms open).	Lime Sulphur solution, 2 to 2½ gals for Scab. Lead Arsenate, 3 to 4 lbs. should be added for Curculio, Leaf Roller and other Chewing Insects.	
CALYX (Petal Fall) (When most of petals have fallen, complete before calyx cups close).	Lime Sulphur solution, 2 to 2½ gals. for Scab. Lead Arsenate, 3 to 5 lbs. should be added for Codling Moth, Curculio, and other Chewing Insects.	Lime Sulphur solution, 2 to 2½ gals. for Scab. Lead Arsenate, 3 to 5 lbs. should be added for Curculio and other Chewing Insects.
FIRST COVER SPRAY and Succeeding Sprays (Usually 10 to 14 days after calyx spray and thereafter).	Same solution as Calyx Spray.	Same solution as Calyx Spray.

Bailey's Choice Crab Apples

DOLGO—Fruit is oblong, of real beauty and peculiar lemon-acid in flavor. Entirely different from any other crab apple and far superior for jellies, producing a transparent bright red jelly of high quality. The fruit is distinctly beautiful, borne in great profusion. Dolgo is a beautiful lawn tree, in addition to producing fruit of superior quality. It is a striking thing to see the masses of bright red fruit clustered along the branches.

STRAWBERRY—An early Crab. Very hardy and good yielder. Used for eating fresh and canning.

SWEET RUSSET—Somewhat larger than the other Crab varieties. A heavy yielder. Fruit is green, ripening to yellow and is covered with a light mottling of russet, very sweet and tastes very much like pear. Good for canning.

TRANSCENDENT—An old standard crab superior for jelly and pickling. Tree is somewhat susceptible to blight.

VIRGINIA—A very hardy and vigorous grower, does not blight. Fruit fully as good as Transcendent for pickling or jelly. A prolific annual bearer.

WHITNEY—A large bright red Crab. Good for eating fresh and an excellent canning Crab. Whitney is one of the best eating apples in its season, and many people will eat nothing else while they last. Tree is perfectly hardy and a heavy yielder. Whitney is the best of all sweet Crab Apples, it ripens in August and September and has a definite place in any commercial or home orchard.

PRICES OF CRAB APPLES			
		Each	Per 10
Strawberry Sweet Russet Transcendent Virginia Whitney	3-4 ft.	\$.40	\$ 2.80
	4-5 ft.	.65	5.85
	5-6 ft.	1.00	9.00
Dolgo	3-4 ft.	.50	3.80
	4-5 ft.	.75	6.85
	5-6 ft.	1.25	11.00

For special prices on smaller size crab apples see page 14.

Bailey's Hardy Pears

Enjoy Tree Ripened
Pears Fresh From
Your Own Orchard

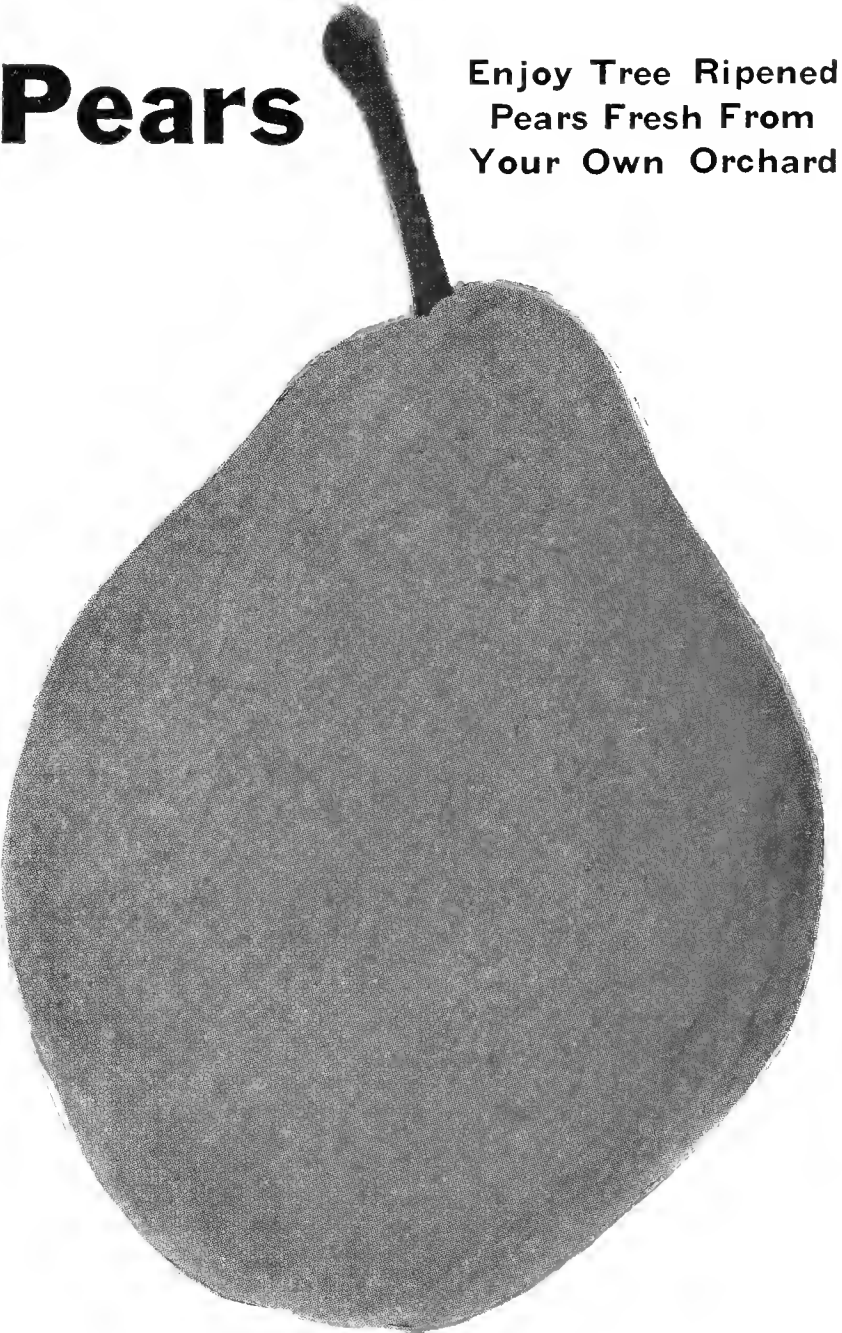
Pears require the same soil and cultivation as apples. Pruning and spraying also similar. Why not plant a few Hardy Pears with your other orchard trees?

We bud (or graft) our Pears on *Pyrus ussuriensis* seedlings. This is a hardy root that stands our climate very well. This is an important feature which is sometimes overlooked when buying Pears for our northern climate.

PARKER—This is probably our most dependable Pear. It was recently introduced by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm and has proven of real value. We recommend it for general planting in the South half of Minnesota and in favorable locations in Northern Minnesota. Parker is a splendid addition to our list of fruits and should be planted in every orchard. Fruit is large, color is yellow with distinct blush. Flesh tender and juicy. Quality very good.

MENDEL—Mendel is another hardy Pear. Tree is a vigorous grower and practically resistant to blight. Fruit is medium size and good quality. Color yellow. Mendel yields heavy, and is considered by many to be equal to Parker.

PRICES OF PEARS			
		Each	Per 10
Mendel	3-4 ft.	\$.50	\$ 4.50
	4-5 ft.	.80	6.85
Parker	5-6 ft.	1.25	11.00



Parker Pear

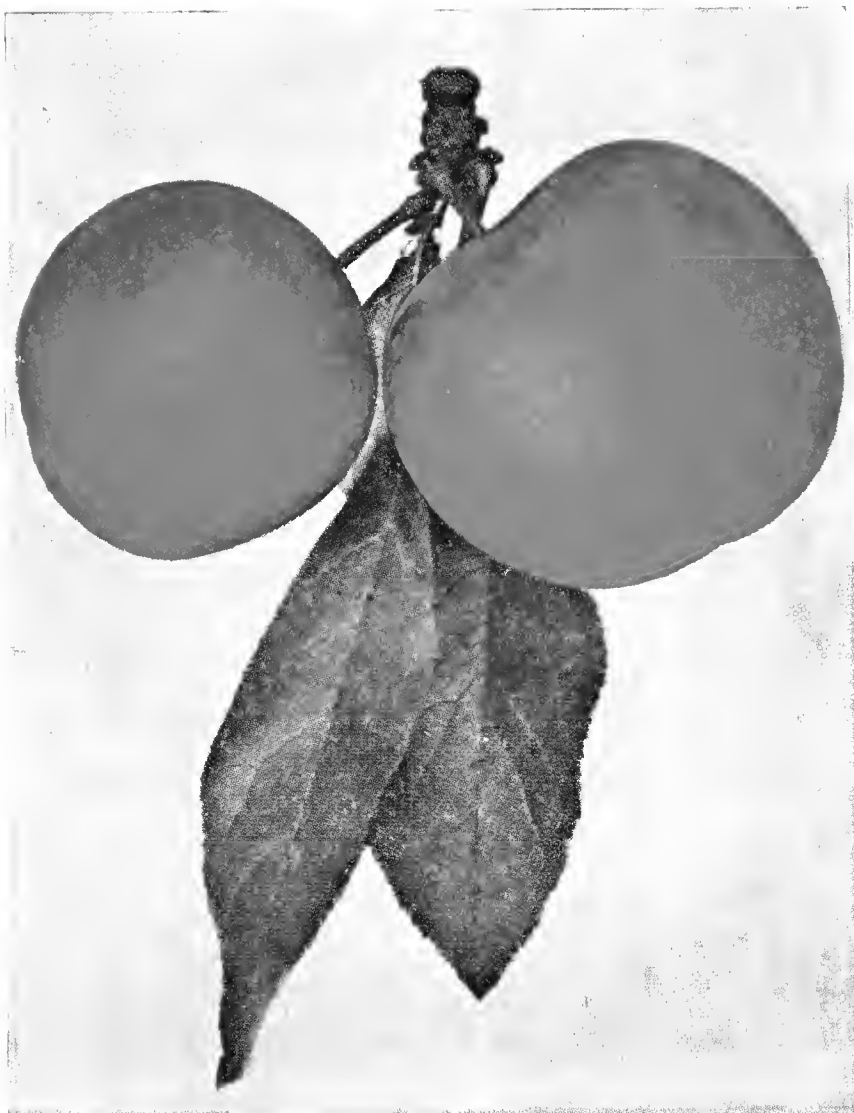
PLUMS FOR EVERYONE

The following varieties of plums are far superior to the older varieties, and we feel perfectly safe in recommending them. They are very fast growing and usually come into bearing the second year after setting. They are perfectly hardy in our climate and we have selected and propagated the following varieties which have shown exceptional qualities.

We graft our Plums and Cherries on *Prunus Americana*—our native hardy roots. This insures you hardy trees that will stand up under extreme conditions.

We have a good supply of Plums and Cherries this year and offer them at attractive Prices. For special prices on small sizes see page 14.

EMBER—One of the more recent plums introduced by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. This plum has been gaining popularity and we have not yet been able to supply the demand. Ember is a large late Plum and has exceptionally fine dessert and canning qualities. It is yellow with attractive red blush. Two outstanding and valuable features are that the fruit hangs to the tree, even after thoroughly ripening, and after picking will keep well for two or three weeks. This is a late Plum and should be planted along with some of the earlier varieties to extend the season.



Tonka Plum

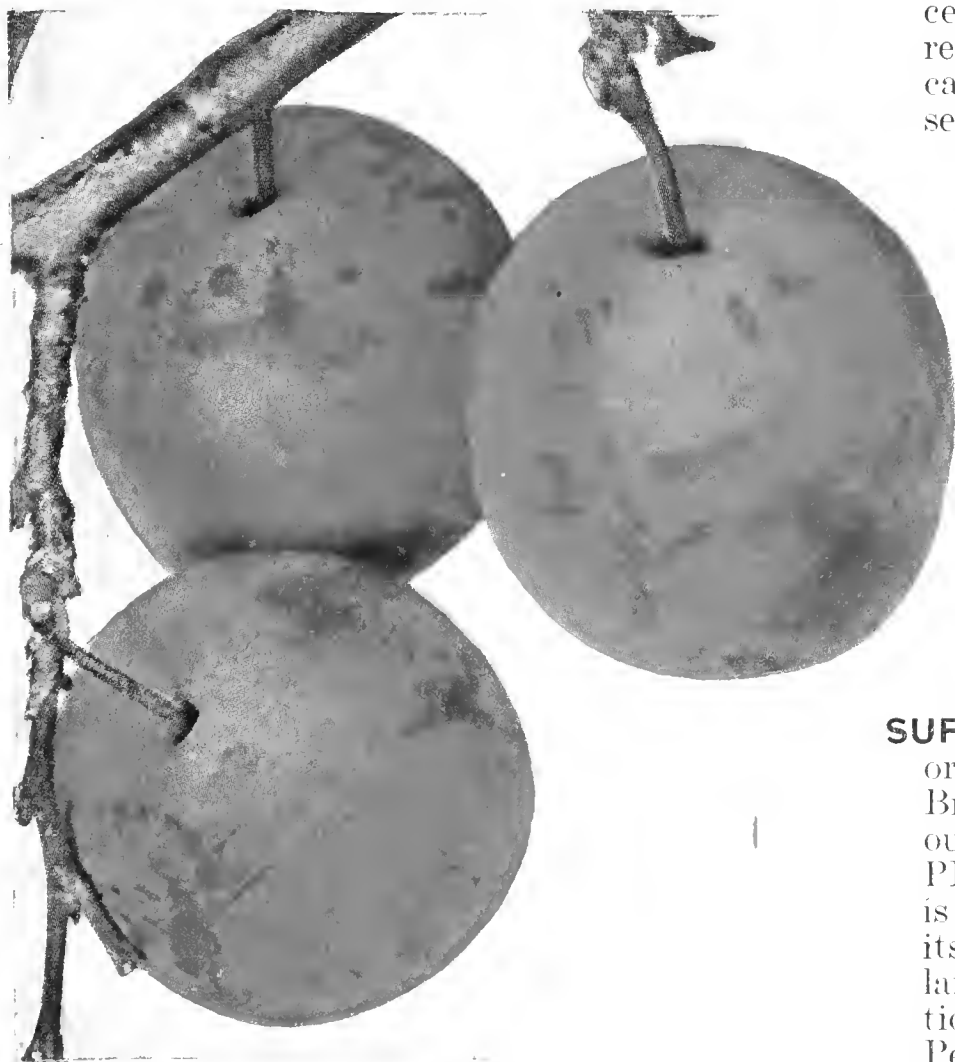
FIEBING PRIZE—This is a comparatively recent introduction. It has proven itself to be of real value. Fruit is very firm and of excellent canning quality. Dark red, and ripens mid-season to late.

LA CRESCENT—A very high quality, yellow Plum. Flesh is very tender, and is a delicious plum for eating fresh or canning. We heartily recommend La Crescent for the home orchard but the flesh and skin are too tender to stand handling and extensive hauling to market.

MONITOR—A late mid-season variety with a vigorous, well shaped tree, producing large, red, firm fleshed fruit of high quality.

RED WING—One of the largest Plums, ripens mid-season, with beautiful red, freestone fruit of high quality.

SUPERIOR—This sensational, new Plum was originated by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm and, after being tested thoroughly, was very appropriately named **SUPERIOR**. Its very name is a challenge, and it is considered by many to be our best plum in its season. Superior ripens very early, fruit is large, beautiful red, firm flesh, and of exceptional quality. You can peel it as you would a Peach. We do not hesitate in recommending Superior for an early red Plum.



Underwood Plum

PLANT HARDY PLUMS FOR PROFIT



Ember Plum

SURPRISE—A valuable variety for pollenization of the standard varieties. Fruit is attractive red and of high quality. Surprise is a light yielder and we recommend planting only a very few trees to take care of pollenizing other varieties.

TONKA—An extremely productive variety, producing large, round, red fruit of firm flesh and good quality. Freestone.

UNDERWOOD—Undoubtedly the most widely planted of the Minnesota introductions. Underwood is valuable because of its large early fruit and annual bearing. Fruit is large, bright red and freestone. A delicious fruit for eating fresh and for canning. The tree is a vigorous grower and one of the hardiest. The fruit ripens early making it exceptionally well adapted to northern parts of Minnesota and North Dakota.

WANETA—"Prof. Hansen's Masterpiece." Fruit is immense in size, delicious quality, beautiful red color, small pit. Tree bears very heavy and early. At four years it is not uncommon for a Waneta to produce four bushels of plums. Waneta is undoubtedly the most popular plum introduction of Prof. Hansen from Brookings, So. Dak.

PRICES OF PLUMS

		Each	Per 10
Fiebing Prize			
La Crescent			
Monitor			
Red Wing	3-4 ft.	\$.45	\$ 3.35
Superior	4-5 ft.	.55	4.35
Tonka	5-6 ft.	.75	7.00
Underwood			
Waneta			
	3-4 ft.	.70	4.85
Ember	4-5 ft.	.80	5.85
	5-6 ft.	1.25	11.00
Surprise	3-4 ft.	.55	4.35
	4-5 ft.	.65	5.35
	5-6 ft.	.75	7.00



Superior Plum

IRRIGATION

We have over 50 acres under irrigation. Our fruit trees have all been produced on this tract and are really in exceptionally vigorous condition. By irrigating properly, we maintain a steady growth throughout the season. Without irrigation, trees are often checked with every little dry spell and serious dry spells like we have had in recent years are very apt to weaken the stock. It is during these first two or three years after grafting that the young trees need this special care.

When you plant BAILEY'S Fruit Trees you have stock that is ready to start growth with the first warm weather.

CARE OF NURSERY STOCK

When the stock is received, open the bundle in the shade out of the wind and, if you are not ready to plant immediately, heel the roots in the ground, soaking them well as you do. If well heeled in, they can be kept without damage for a reasonable time. Ask for our free booklet on planting and care of nursery stock.

LOCATION OF NURSERY

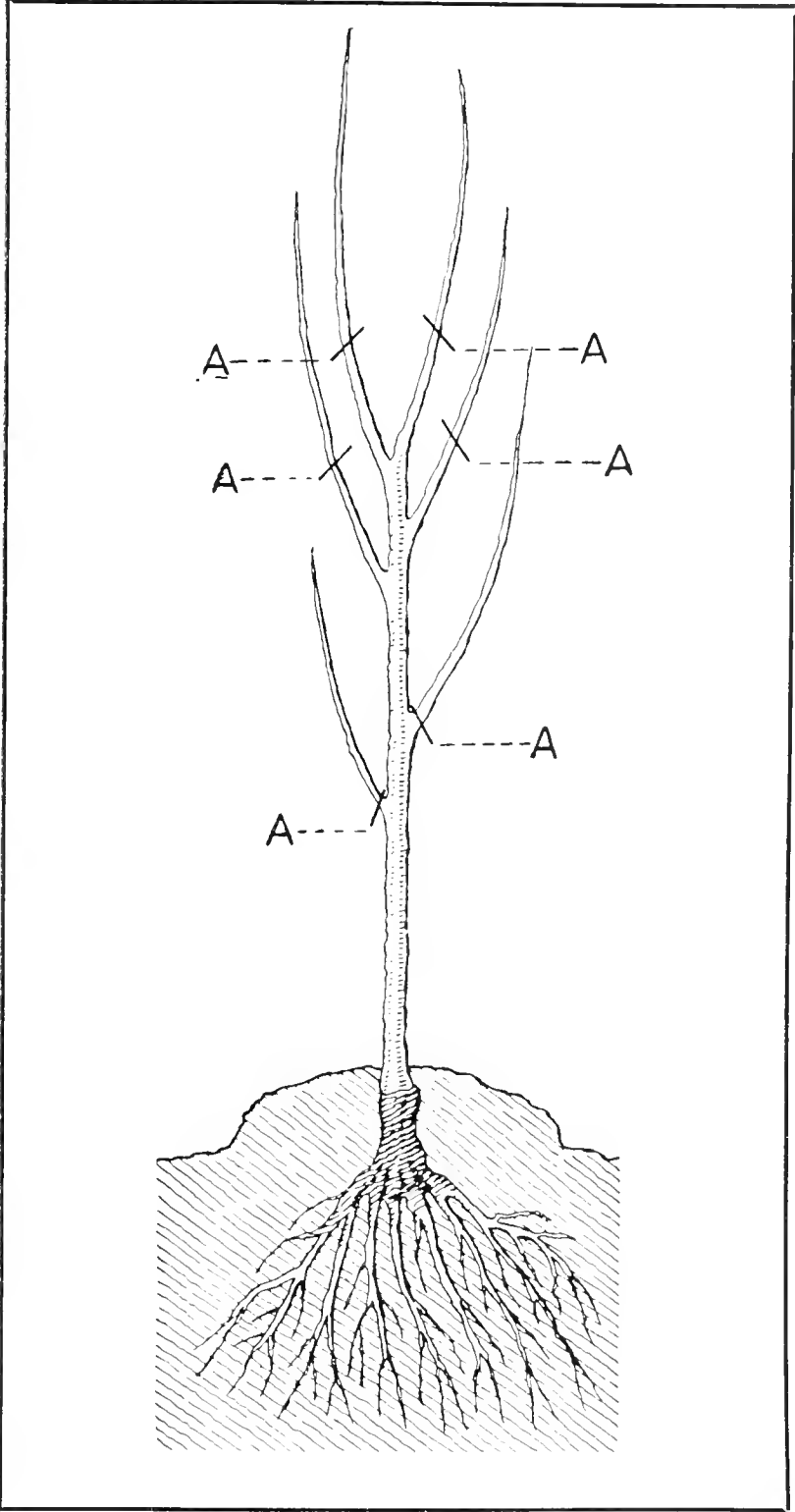
Our Nursery is located just off of Highway 61, at the St. Paul city limits, across the river from South St. Paul.

BAILEY'S HARDY HYBRID CHERRIES

The Hardy Cherries that we offer are results of crosses between plum and cherry. The trees are hardy. The fruits possess the cherry flavor and are not bothered by the birds. They are heavy yielders and are excellent for canning.

NICOLLET—A very hardy, thrifty, upright growing tree. Should be planted with Zumbro for cross pollenization. Fruit is bright red.

OKA—This is one of the best of the Hybrid Cherries recently introduced by Prof. Hansen. An unusually hardy Cherry excellent in both the south and as far north as you wish to plant. Skin is black and flesh red. Fruit is very attractive, a heavy bearer, and produces large quantities of fruit the first year after planting. The tree is of bushy habit and should be grown as a low tree or shrub.



This illustration shows the method and depth at which fruit trees should be planted. When trimming, cut back as indicated leaving the branches well distributed. Trimming should be done immediately after setting. If your ground does not have ample moisture, it is advisable to water when planting.



Sapa Cherry

SAPA—Introduced by Prof. Hansen several years ago and it has become increasingly popular. Sapa is a large sized cherry with a small pit. Fruit is dark red with wine-red flesh. Excellent for sauce and preserves. Tree is exceptionally hardy and produces fruit the year after planting. Very prolific yielder.

OPATA—Similar to Sapa except that the flesh is green. A heavy yielder. Fruit is good quality especially for canning.

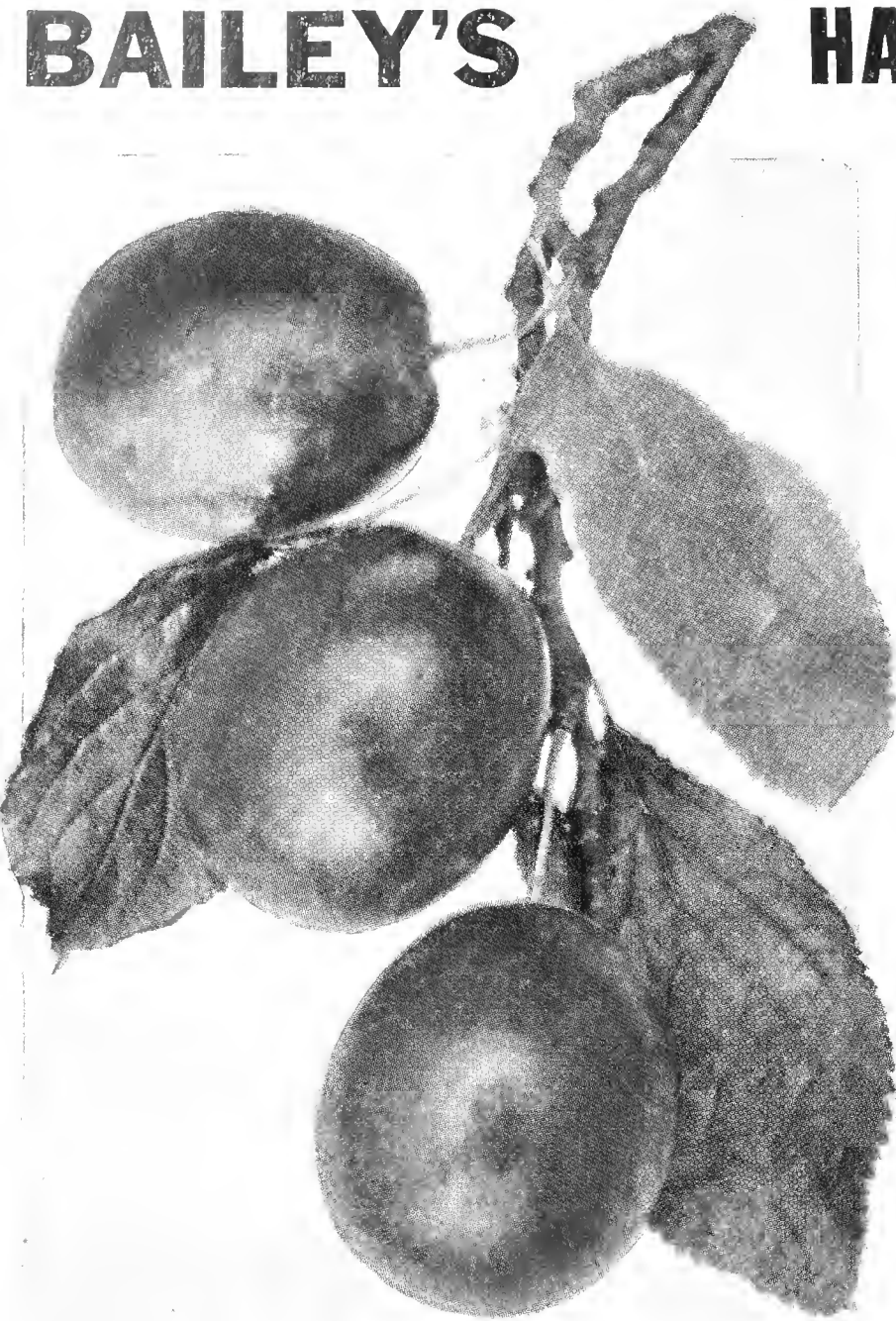
ZUMBRO—Originally introduced by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. Zumbro is a heavy bearer and fruit is excellent for canning.

PRICES OF CHERRIES

		Each	Per 10
Nicollet	}		
Oka		3-4 ft. \$.45	\$3.35
Opata		4-5 ft. .55	4.35
Sapa		5-6 ft. .75	7.00
Zumbro			

BAILEY'S

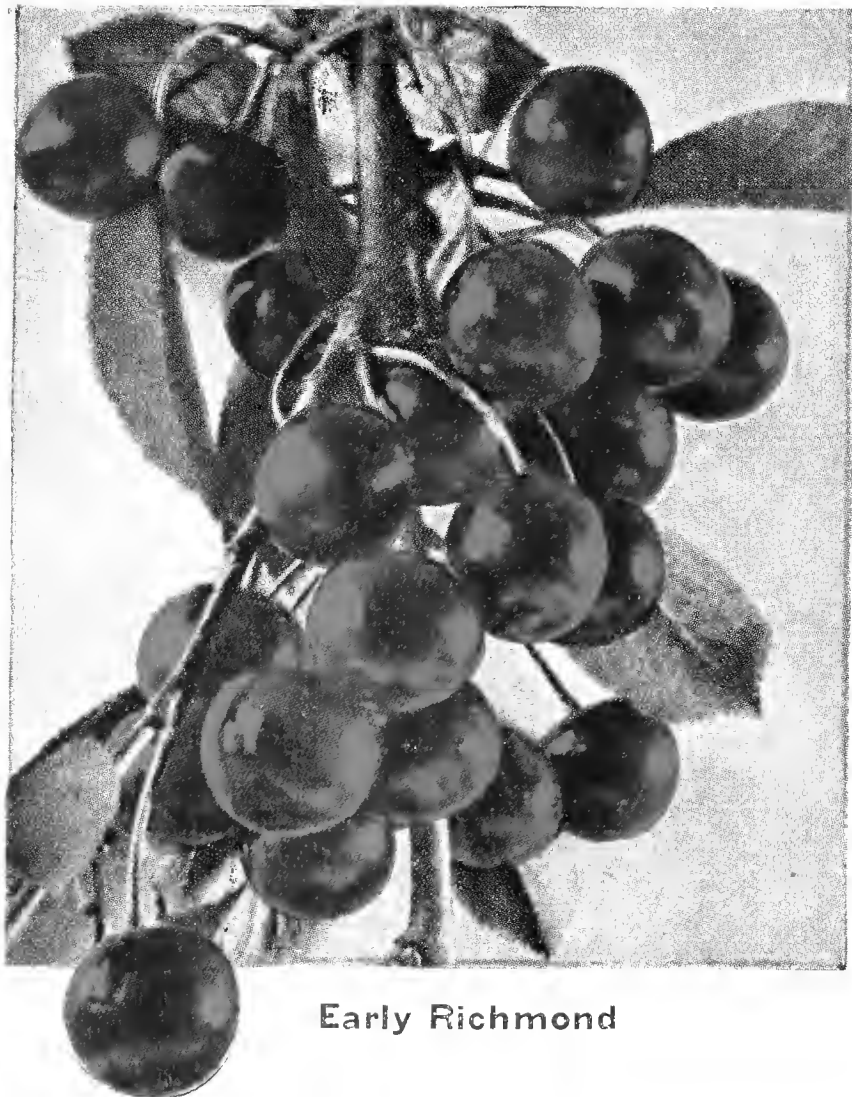
HARDY HYBRID CHERRIES



Opata Cherry



Oka Cherry



Early Richmond

EARLY RICHMOND CHERRY

Hardest of all pie cherries. This is the only true cherry that we offer. The fruit is of medium size and is borne in great quantities. Excellent for canning and pie. Fruit is dark red.

4-5 ft.,

\$1.00 each

\$9.00 per **10**

ALWAYS A MARKET FOR STRAWBERRIES

PRICES OF STRAWBERRIES

June Bearing

	25	100	1000
Dunlap, Beaver	\$.50	\$.90	\$ 5.50
Dorsett, Fairfax	.50	1.40	8.00
Premier	.50	1.25	6.75

Everbearing

Mastodon	1.00	2.00	15.00
Wayzata, No. 1166, No. 1178	1.25	3.75	25.00

Special care should be taken in the preparation of the soil before the plants are set. The strawberry has a comparatively shallow root system. For this reason moist soil is necessary when the plants are set. We make every effort to send strawberry plants out in the best of condition.

June Bearing Varieties

BEAVER—A berry quite similar to Dunlap. Sets plants very heavily. Ripens very early.

SENATOR DUNLAP—Undoubtedly our most dependable June bearing variety. Ripens early, fruit is large and of good quality. Plants are exceptionally thrifty.

DORSETT—A very early berry of rich, bright red, retaining its color well after picking. An ideal berry for market or home use. A vigorous growing, heavily productive variety. Quality is of the best.

FAIRFAX—The Fairfax ripens about the same season as Dorsett. Fruit is very large and uniform. Plant is a vigorous grower and deeply rooted which enables it to withstand adverse weather conditions and still yield fairly good. We strongly advise at least a small planting of Fairfax for trial.

PREMIER—Plants grow large and are wonderfully productive. The berries are large and of a beautiful glossy red color. We have never found so many good qualities in an early berry.

Everbearing

Everbearing Strawberries will provide luscious fruit throughout the Summer and early Fall, and we urge you to plant at least some of these varieties.

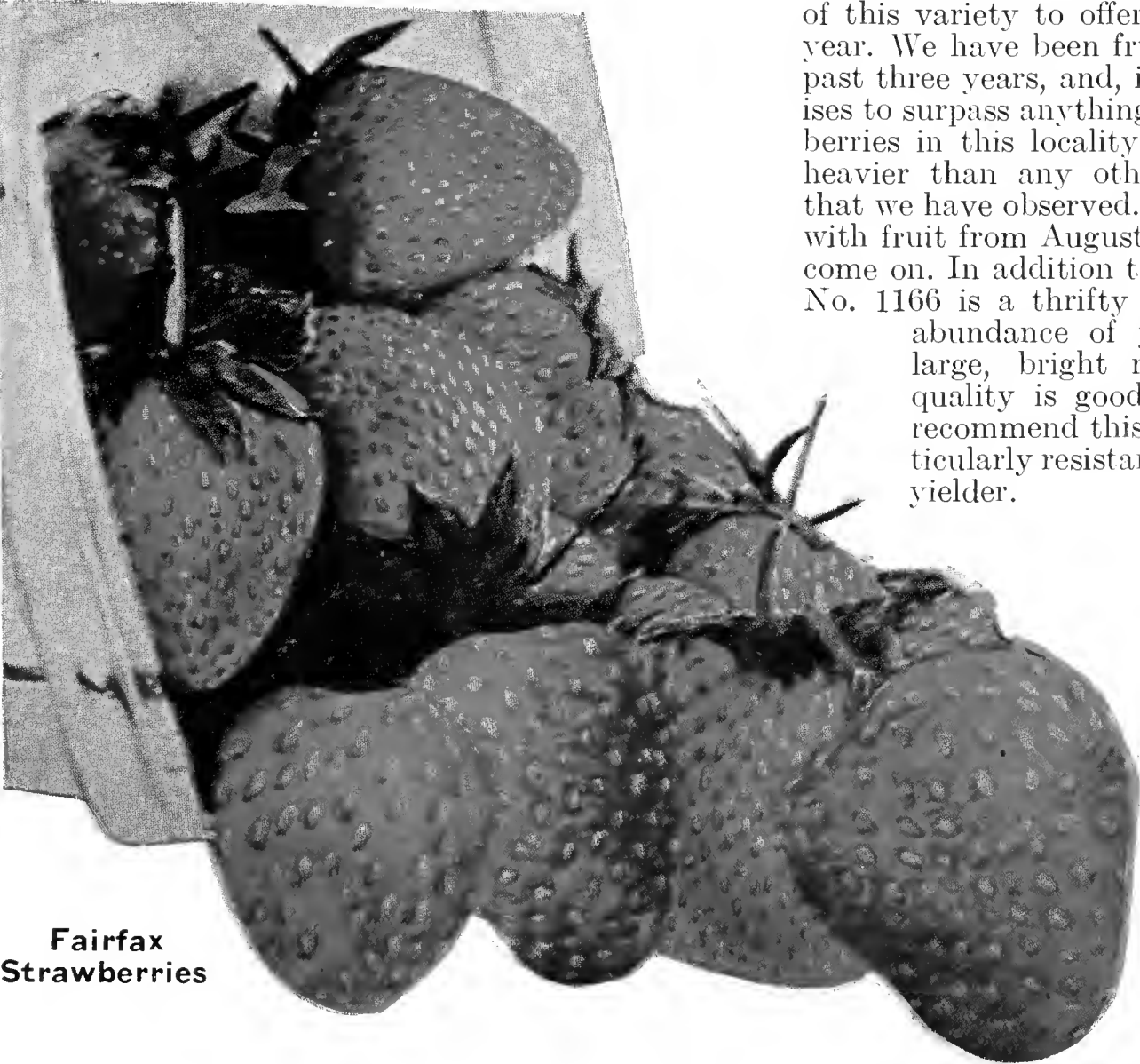
MASTODON—We have tried out many varieties of Everbearing Strawberries and have found Mastodon the best. It is a large strong plant which does well on any soil type. The fruit is large and of high quality. It is a variety we recommend as being superior to any other everbearer for commercial or home planting.

WAYZATA—A recent introduction which has become very popular. Fruit is very large, bright red, and a heavy yielder. Plants are vigorous.

Minnesota No. 1166—We have a limited supply of this variety to offer for the first time this year. We have been fruiting No. 1166 for the past three years, and, in our opinion, it promises to surpass anything in Everbearing Strawberries in this locality. It yields a great deal heavier than any other everbearing variety that we have observed. The plants are covered with fruit from August until the heavy frosts come on. In addition to being a heavy yielder No. 1166 is a thrifty plant and produces an abundance of young plants. Fruit is large, bright red when picked, and quality is good. Commercial growers recommend this variety as being particularly resistant to drought. A heavy yielder.

MINNESOTA NO. 1178 —

Another production of the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm that we have been watching closely. This is a good everbearer and is worthy of a trial. Fruit is fair size and a heavy yielder.



Fairfax Strawberries

1938 EXTRA SPECIAL OFFERS

ATTENTION - ORCHARDISTS

PLUM AND CHERRY TREES FOR 9c—APPLE TREES FOR 13c

This is the opportunity many of you have been waiting for—the unheard of price of 9c for healthy, vigorous Plum trees and 13c for Apple trees. These trees are taken out of our regular fields, but are not branched enough to put in our regular priced, standard grades. In some varieties we have a good supply and others only a few. We suggest ordering early while our assortment is still complete.

Many growers prefer planting unbranched trees, thus enabling them to develop branches the way they want them.

***NOTE**—Because of packing and handling costs, we cannot accept orders for less than ten trees on this page.

Plum and Minnesota Cherry Varieties

2-4 ft. Trees

Prices: 15c each, \$1.00 per 10,
\$9.00 per 100

Ember	Underwood
Fiebing Prize	Waneta
La Crescent	Nicollet
Monitor	Oka
Red Wing	Opata
Superior	Sapa
Tonka	Zumbro

Following can be furnished in

4-6 ft. trees

Prices: 20c each, \$1.75 per 10,
\$12.00 per 100

Ember	Underwood
La Crescent	Waneta
Monitor	Opata
Red Wing	Sapa
Surprise	Zumbro
Tonka	

Apples and Crabs

2-4 ft. Trees

Prices: 25c each, \$1.75 per 10,
\$13.00 per 100

Anoka
Beacon
Erickson
Folwell
Haralson
McIntosh
Northwestern Greening
Wealthy
Strawberry Crab
Virginia Crab
Whitney Crab

Apples 4 to 6 foot

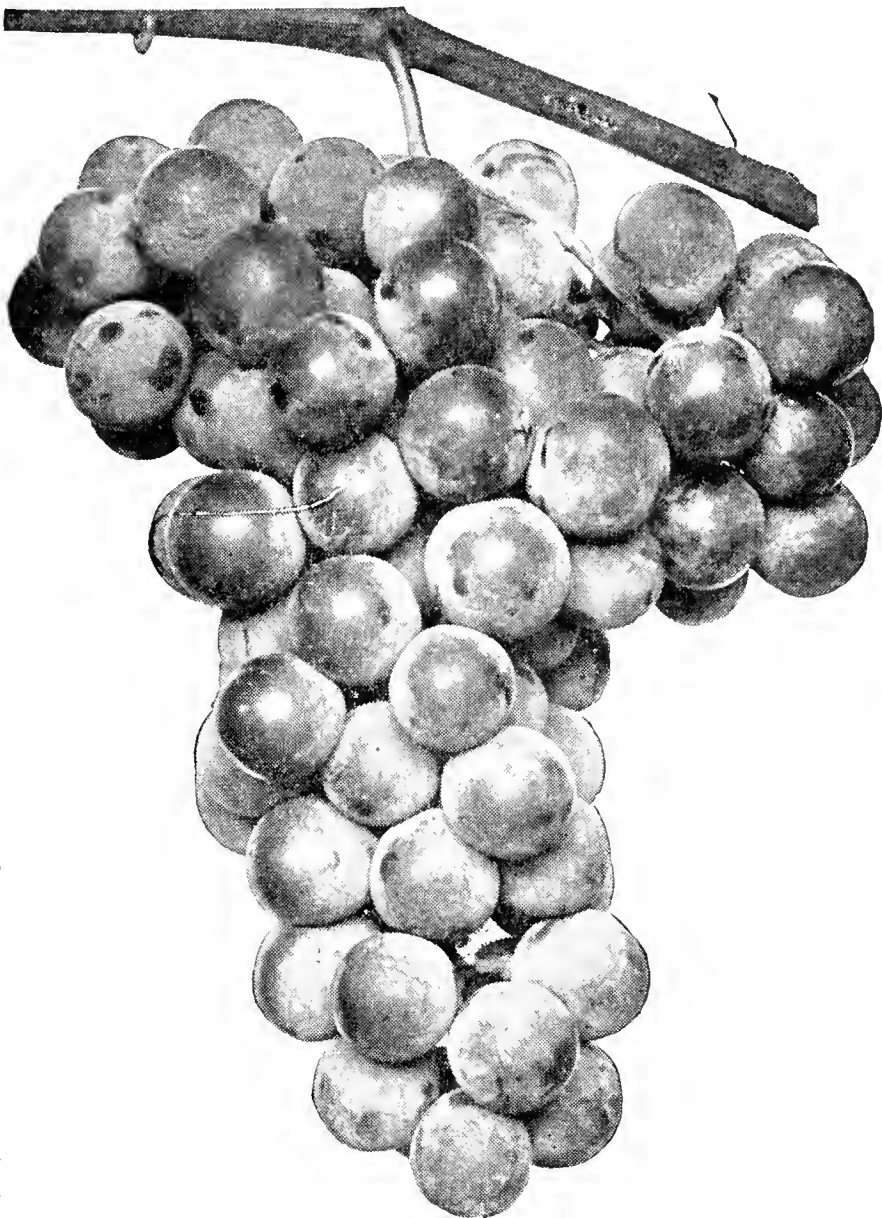
Following avail-
able in 4-6 ft. trees

Prices: 30c each,
\$2.00 per 10,
\$18.00 per 100

Delicious
Duchess
McIntosh
Northwestern Greening
Wealthy

PLANT NORTHERN-GROWN STOCK

We propagate our grapes in quantities which permit us to offer them at exceptionally low prices. PLANT BAILEY'S heavy rooted grapes for more and better fruit.



Beta Grape

BETA—We advise the Beta above all others for Minnesota and the Northwest. The vines are as hardy as the wild grape, which means they do not require protection in the winter as many of the other varieties do. Fruit is of the best quality to use for jelly and juice, as it has some of the wild grape flavor. Fruit is nearly as large as Concord, and a much better yielder in this climate. Ripens the first of September.

ALPHA—Alpha is quite similar to Beta but in some soils ripens a week to ten days earlier.

CONCORD—A well-known variety of purple Grape which is semi-hardy in this climate.

WHITE NIAGARA—A large variety of White Grape that is semi-hardy in Minnesota.

PRICES OF GRAPES

		Each	10	25
Beta	2 yr. No. 1	\$.25	\$1.75	\$3.50
Concord	2 yr. No. 2	.20	1.50	2.50
Alpha				
White Niagara	2 yr. No. 1	.40	2.50	5.50

COMO GOOSEBERRY

This is a vigorous grower, very productive, perfectly hardy and is not susceptible to the Gooseberry diseases. The ripe fruit is as green in color as it is before ripening.

2 yr. No. 1 plants, 40c each, \$3.50 per 10

GIANT VICTORIA RHUBARB

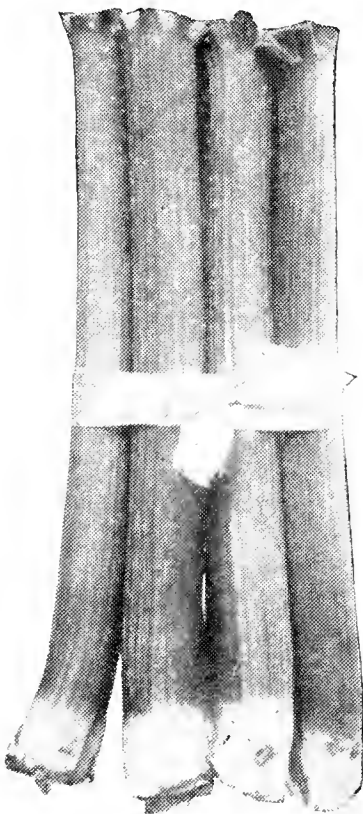
Rhubarb is easily grown and every garden should have a few plants. Giant Victoria produces large, early, tender, red stalks. We consider this the best.

\$.15 each, 10 \$1.00, 25 \$2.20, 100 \$8.00

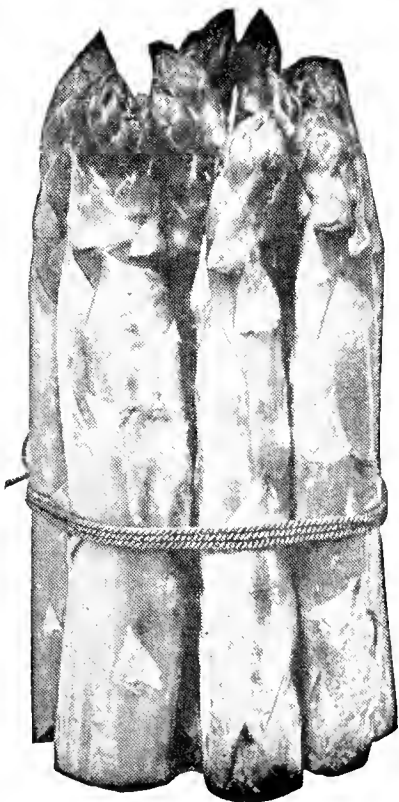
MARTHA WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS

The Market Gardeners Choice. It is a very high quality asparagus producing large stalks and it is free from rust. If you are intending to plant a small garden or to grow asparagus for the market, we believe this is the variety for you to plant. Bailey's asparagus roots are all heavy roots.

	25	100	1000
1 yr. No. 1	\$.50	\$1.50	\$12.00
2 yr. No. 1	75	2.00	18.00



Rhubarb



Asparagus

CURRANTS

RED LAKE

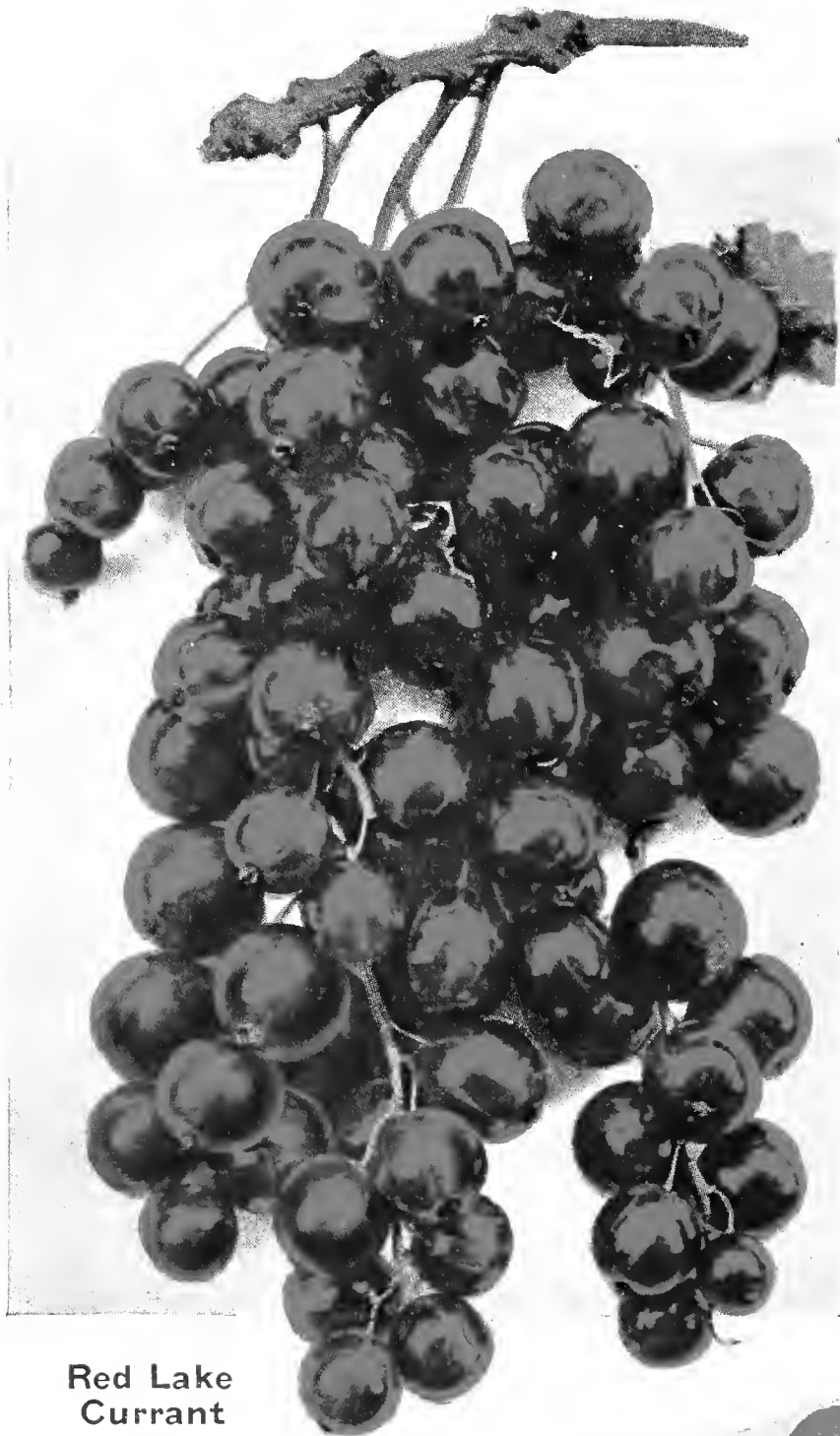
This new currant was originated recently at the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm, and promises to replace all other varieties in the cherry currant class. The berry is very large and is borne on long stems forming exceptionally long, well filled bunches. The quality of fruit is very good, the ripening season is medium and the plant a heavy yielder. While this new variety produces large berries in long bunches, its most valuable quality is the sturdy upright type of bush. This character is lacking in many of the older varieties. Because of the above qualities, Red Lake is the leading currant.

MINNESOTA NO. 70

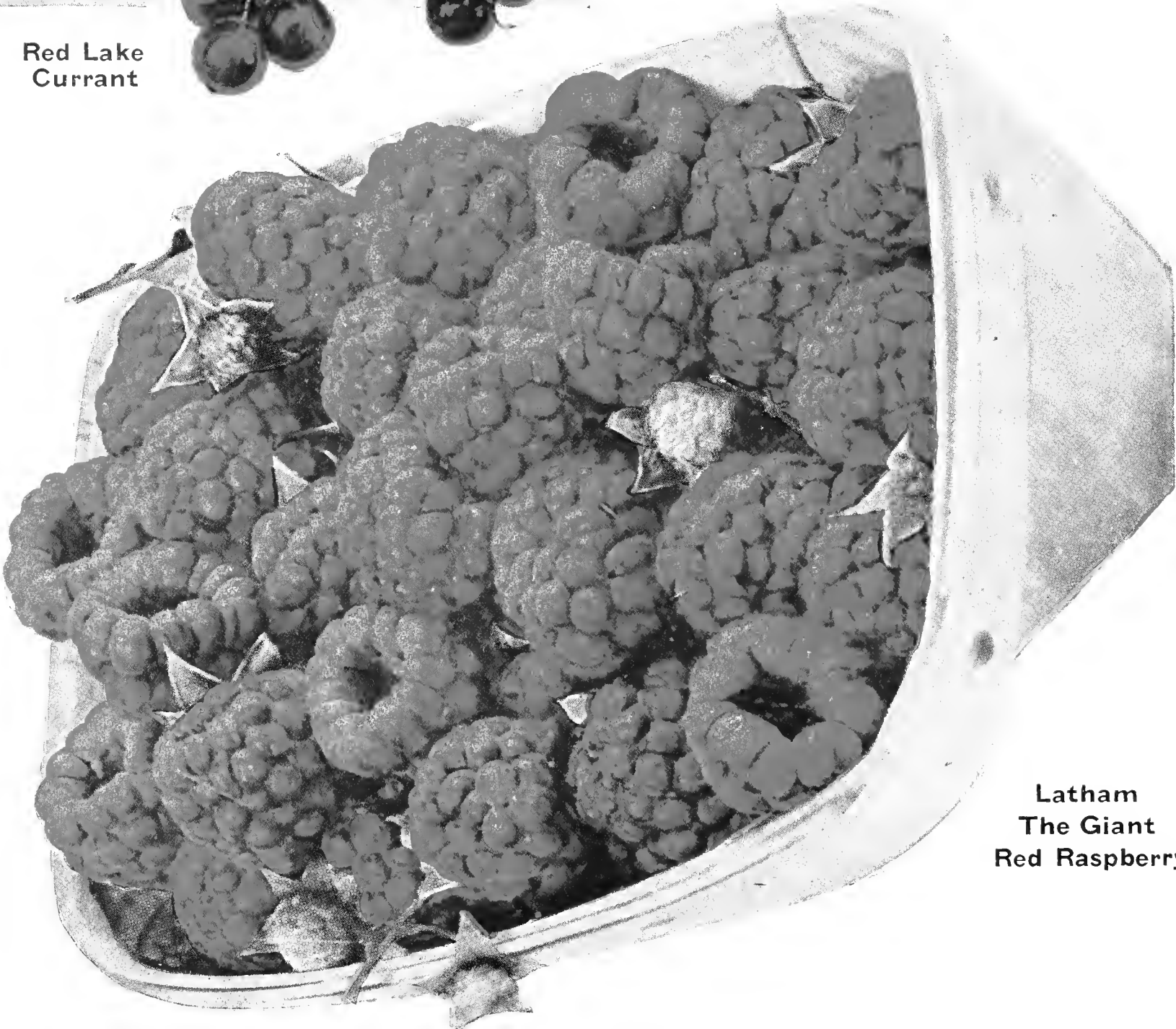
We offer a very limited supply of this new currant this year for the first time. No. 70 is a very large currant and the bush a thrifty grower. Bush is upright in growth and a heavy yielder. This is a very promising variety and seems to be superior to Red Lake in some respects. We advise at least a few of this new variety for trial.

PRICES OF CURRANTS

		Each	10
Red Lake	1 yr. No. 1	\$.35	\$2.25
	2 yr. No. 1	.50	4.50
Minnesota No. 70	1 yr. No. 1	1.00	9.00



Red Lake
Currant



Latham
The Giant
Red Raspberry

BAILEY'S RASPBERRIES

For Home and Commercial Use

Our raspberries are certified and, like the rest of our stock, carry a certificate of Inspection with each shipment. Raspberries are very rigidly inspected by our State inspector several times each year, and have been pronounced "Mosaic Free" and in excellent condition.

Raspberries produce big yields and are sure profits. Returns run as high as \$400.00 to \$800.00 per acre in a single year.

LATHAM—That great Minnesota introduction—holds unchallenged first place as the leading commercial and home variety of Red Raspberry. It is the leading commercial berry in the Northwest as well as in the East. It is hardy everywhere, bushes are sturdy, upright, and vigorous, particularly resistant to diseases of all kinds. The fruit is very large, dark red, and firm. Latham is an excellent shipper, heavy yielder, easy picker. It has the qualities that make it the leading Red Raspberry of the day.

CHIEF—Chief has already established itself as a berry filling an important place, and is undoubtedly the most popular early raspberry. The fruit, medium in size, bright red and firm. Ripens early and extends over a long period, ripens even earlier than the King. Quality of fruit is excellent. The plants are vigorous in growth, perfectly hardy and seems to be almost resistant to mildew and mosaic. The wood ripens early and is a good plant maker. Chief has the good qualities looked for in a raspberry: earliness, quality of fruit, and yield.

CUMBERLAND BLACK RASPBERRY—One of the hardiest of Black Raspberries.

ANCIENT BRITTON BLACKBERRY—Most satisfactory of blackberries.

PRICES OF RASPBERRIES

		25	100	1000
Chief	Medium		\$1.80	\$12.40
	No. 1	\$.80	2.50	16.85
	Heavy	1.55	3.65	26.55
Latham	Medium		1.95	13.45
	No. 1	.90	2.75	18.85
	Heavy	1.75	4.15	29.50
Ancient Britton and Cumberland		1.00	3.00	25.00



Cumberland

For Pleasure
and Profit
Plant
Plenty of
Bailey's
Selected
Raspberries



Chief

BAILEY'S LOW PRICED

Plant Bailey's Hardy, Northern Grown Deciduous Windbreak Trees

DECIDUOUS TREES

ASH—One of the most dependable Windbreak and Woodlot trees. Very resistant to drought.

CARAGANA—Sometimes called Siberian Pea Tree. The best tree for Hedges, low windbreaks and Snow catches. Perfectly hardy, and stands the most extreme dry conditions of the north-west. Thrives in any soil.

AMERICAN ELM—A hardy tree of quite rapid growth. One of our most popular native trees.

CHINESE ELM—Siberian Type or northern strain. We offer only the hardy Siberian type of Chinese Elm. This is a fast growing strain that is acknowledged as being perfectly hardy and drought resistant. You can have an effective Windbreak in 3 years time. In that time the Siberian type of Chinese Elm will range from 10 to 15 feet high. Chinese Elm is our most popular and, in our opinion, undoubtedly the best tree for a fast growing, effective windbreak. Plant 6 to 8 feet apart each way.

LOMBARDY POPLAR—Valuable tree where a quick screen or Windbreak is desired. An upright growing tree. Plant 4 to 6 feet apart.

GOLDEN WILLOW—One of the best trees for wet soils, where many other trees do not thrive.

Prices of Deciduous Windbreak Trees

We list here the smaller sizes of trees that are best adapted to windbreak planting. Most of them are fast growing and many are very ornamental.

ALL WINDBREAK TREES ARE PREPAID

	10	50	100	500	1000
ASH					
12-18 in.	\$. . . .	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$ 7.00	\$12.85
18-24 in.	. . . .	1.35	2.15	8.85	16.65
CARAGANA					
12-18 in.	. . . .	1.50	2.25	10.50	19.50
ELM, AMERICAN					
6-12 in.	. . . .	. . . .	1.15	4.25	7.00
12-18 in.	. . . .	1.00	1.50	6.50	10.00
18-24 in.	.50	1.50	2.25	8.00	12.00
2- 3 ft.	.60	1.75	2.75	12.00	22.00
3- 4 ft.	1.00	3.00	5.50	25.00	. . . . .
ELM, CHINESE (Siberian)					
6-12 in.	. . . .	. . . .	1.15	4.25	7.00
12-18 in.	. . . .	1.00	1.50	6.50	10.00
18-24 in.	.50	1.50	2.25	8.00	12.00
2- 3 ft.	.60	1.75	2.75	12.00	22.00
3- 4 ft.	1.00	3.00	5.50	25.00	. . . . .
POPLAR, LOMBARDY					
2- 3 ft.	1.00	4.50	7.50	. . . . .	. . . . .
3- 4 ft.	1.50	7.00	12.50	. . . . .	. . . . .
4- 5 ft.	2.25	8.50	15.00	. . . . .	. . . . .
POPLAR, NORWAY					
3- 4 ft.	.50	3.00	5.00	. . . . .	. . . . .
4- 5 ft.	.75	3.50	6.00	. . . . .	. . . . .
WILLOW, GOLDEN					
3- 4 ft.	.50	3.00	5.00	. . . . .	. . . . .
4- 5 ft.	.75	3.50	6.00	. . . . .	. . . . .

Evergreens for Windbreaks

Evergreens offer permanence and year around beauty in the windbreak. With the proper selection of varieties you will find they will thrive and stand dry weather just as well as the deciduous trees.

A good Evergreen Windbreak about the farm home is one of the best investments you can make. It stops the wind and snow, and makes the farmstead more comfortable and pleasant to live and work in. Evergreen Windbreaks are a permanent investment that increase in value each year.

Plant Evergreens in a double row with the rows 12 to 15 feet apart. The trees 4 to 6 feet apart in the row.

Evergreens are slower in developing to a size where they offer protection from the winds. To overcome this we recommend planting a few rows of fast growing deciduous trees such as Siberian Chinese Elm or Green Ash. These can be taken out as the Evergreens develop and will furnish a good supply of wood in addition to their value as a windbreak.

A Windbreak For Every Farm

A COMPLETE WINDBREAK!

These 4 Choice Varieties Grouped Together at an Amazingly Low Price

50 Colorado Blue Spruce	3 years old
50 Black Hills Spruce	3 years old
100 Ponderosa Pine	2 years old
200 Siberian Chinese Elm	1 years old

400 TREES FOR \$8.95 PREPAID

WINDBREAK TREES

We list two classes of Windbreak Evergreens, Seedlings and Transplants.

Seedlings are out of the seed beds and we recommend that they be planted in the garden, or some place where they can be given good care and cultivation. They can be planted close together (from 4 to 8 inches) and will not take up much room. They should be grown this way for 2 or 3 years before setting in the permanent windbreak. Shading is not necessary or recommended. We grow large quantities of this stock and offer it at very low prices.

Transplants are strong field grown stock, and are ready to plant right into the permanent windbreak. They have been grown in the open field for three years in addition to 2 or 3 years in the seed beds. This develops an abundance of fibrous roots and the tops are well branched.

NOTE: Seedlings are tied in bundles of 25 only.

All Windbreak Evergreens are **PREPAID**.

AMERICAN ARBORVITAE—A very compact growing tree. Recommended for hedge or low windbreak. Should be planted in a moist location.

DOUGLAS FIR—An exceptionally hardy tree. Fast growing, attaining a height of 60 to 80 feet. Easily transplanted and stands drought well. Foliage deep green.

RED CEDAR—Red Cedar is a very good tree and has withstood the recent dry years exceptionally well.

AUSTRIAN PINE—A very sturdy tree of symmetrical growth. Not quite as fast growing as some of the other Pines.

PONDEROSA PINE—Sometimes called Yellow or Bull Pine. A very vigorous growing, drought resisting tree. One of the best in dry locations. Has large graceful needles, bluish-green in color.

SCOTCH PINE—The qualities of the Scotch Pine are similar to the Ponderosa. Needles are shorter and a brighter green.

WHITE PINE—A very well known variety. Fast growing attaining heights of 60 to 100 feet.

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE—Our most popular Windbreak Evergreen. They have withstood the droughts very well. They make a beautiful, compact windbreak. NOTE: The 12-18 inch and 18-24 inch Black Hills are 9 years old and have been transplanted twice. They are perfectly shaped trees and are really a beautiful lot.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE—A very popular tree equally as desirable as the Black Hills Spruce, although not quite as fast growing. We do not select the blue trees out of this stock, to be sold at a higher price; but take them the way they come in the field. This assures you a high percentage of blue trees.

NORWAY SPRUCE—A rapid growing tree. Will not stand drought quite as well as the Black Hills and Colorado.

WHITE SPRUCE—Similar to Black Hills Spruce and our strain of stock is a little faster growing.

PRICES OF WINDBREAK EVERGREENS

All Windbreak Evergreens are **PREPAID**

Seedlings are tied in bundles of 25 only

		10	25	100
ARBORVITAE, AMERICAN				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	\$ .90	\$ 3.00
Seedlings	6- 8 in.	....	1.00	3.50
Transplants	9-12 in.	\$1.50	3.50	12.50
Transplants	12-18 in.	1.75	4.00	15.00
Transplants	18-24 in.	2.25	5.25	20.00
FIR, DOUGLAS				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.25	4.25
Seedlings	6- 8 in.	....	1.75	5.50
Transplants	9-12 in.	1.50	3.50	12.50
RED CEDAR				
Transplants	6-12 in.	2.50	5.50	20.00
PINE, AUSTRIAN				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.25	4.25
Transplants	6-12 in.	1.75	4.00	15.00
Transplants	12-18 in.	2.75	6.50	25.00
PINE, PONDEROSA				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.25	4.25
Transplants	6-12 in.	1.75	4.00	15.00
Transplants	12-18 in.	2.75	6.50	25.00
Transplants	18-24 in.	4.00	9.00	32.00
PINE, SCOTCH				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.00	3.50
Transplants	6-12 in.	1.50	3.50	12.50
Transplants	12-18 in.	2.50	6.00	22.50
PINE, WHITE				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.25	4.25
SPRUCE, BLACK HILLS				
Seedlings	2- 4 in.	....	1.00	3.50
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.35	4.50
Seedlings	6- 8 in.	....	2.00	7.00
Seedlings	8-10 in.	....	2.50	9.00
Transplants	6- 9 in.	1.75	4.00	15.00
Transplants	9-12 in.	2.25	5.25	20.00
Transplants	12-18 in.	5.50	13.00	50.00
Transplants	18-24 in.	7.00	17.25	65.00
SPRUCE, COLORADO BLUE				
Seedlings	2- 4 in.	....	1.00	3.50
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.35	4.50
Seedlings	6- 8 in.	....	2.00	7.00
Seedlings	8-10 in.	....	2.50	9.00
Transplants	6- 9 in.	1.75	4.00	15.00
Transplants	9-12 in.	2.25	5.25	20.00
SPRUCE, NORWAY				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	.75	2.50
Transplants	12-18 in.	2.00	4.75	17.50
Transplants	18-24 in.	2.75	6.50	25.00
Transplants	2- 3 ft.	4.50	10.75	40.00
SPRUCE, WHITE				
Seedlings	4- 6 in.	....	1.00	3.50
Transplants	6- 9 in.	1.50	3.50	12.50
Transplants	9-12 in.	2.00	4.75	17.50
Transplants	12-18 in.	2.50	5.50	20.00



CHINESE ELM WINDBREAK



Spirea, Anthony Waterer

Flowering

Our homes become homes in the true sense, only when they are planted. Ornamental shrubs are the foundation of all landscape plantings. They lend a charm and grace to the home grounds that is invaluable. One can have a continuous succession of bloom from early in April to the days when frost nips the flowers of the very latest to bloom. Send for our complete Planting Instruction Booklet.

ALMOND, DOUBLE FLOWERING (*Prunus glandulosa*)—Double rose-like, pink flowers cover the branches early in May. Somewhat superior to Flowering Plum except for hardiness.

BARBERRY, JAPANESE (*Berberis thunbergi*)—Low growing plant best used as border where view of other objects is not to be obscured. A spreading plant with beautiful foliage turning to scarlet in the latter part of the season. Hardy plant requiring little attention in landscape planting.

*See Hedge Plants also.

BARBERRY, REDLEAF (*Berberis thunbergi atropurpurea*)—A new plant similar to Japanese Barberry, except the leaves are red all summer. Its deep red leaves add color and contrast to your planting.

COTONEASTER, PEKING (*Cotoneaster acutifolia*) — Attractive, beautifully formed shrub with thick, glossy leaves, turning to red in the fall. Small white flowers in early summer followed by large black berries which remain on the bush nearly all winter. Perfectly hardy.

*See Hedge Plants also.

CRABS, BECHTEL'S FLOWERING AND DOLGO—See page 27.

CRANBERRYBUSH, EUROPEAN (*Viburnum opulus*)—A very ornamental shrub with white flowers in late spring, followed by bright scarlet berries. Height 8 feet.

CURRENT, ALPINE (*Ribes alpinum*)—Very dense growing shrub with fine dark green leaves. Height 3 to 4 feet. Very desirable plant where the soil is well drained.

*See Hedge Plants also.

DOGWOOD, RED TWIGGED (*Cornus siberica*)—8 to 10 feet high with clusters of white flowers, succeeded by ornamental berries in fall. Stem and branches turn a blood red in winter.

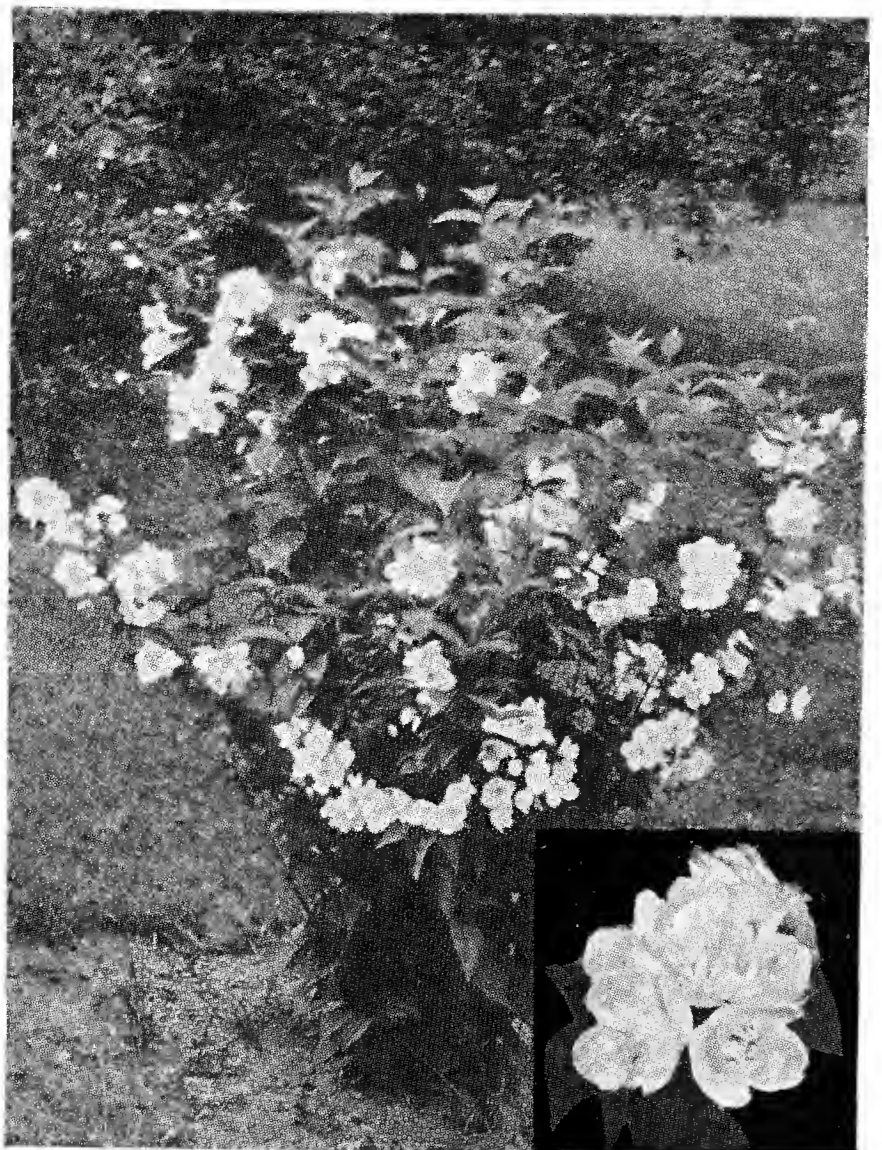
DOGWOOD, GOLDEN TWIGGED (*Cornus stolonifera lutea*)—Similar to Red Twigged except that the bark is yellow and the bush is more dense in its habit of growth.

DOGWOOD, VARIEGATED (*Cornus mas elegantissima*)—Similar to Red Twigged except the leaves are green with white stripe through center. A very desirable shrub for group planting.

BEAUTY BUSH (*Kolkwitzia amabilis*)—A charming new shrub of spreading type. Blooms profusely during June. Flowers are bell shaped, buds red, opening up to pink. Height 6 ft.

BUTTERFLY BUSH (*Buddleia*)—Blooms profusely first year planted, starting in July and lasting through August. Flowers, deep purple similar to lilacs. Height 6 ft.

WINGED EUONYMUS (*Burning Bush*) (*Euonymus alatus*)—Spreading in growth with peculiar corky bark along branches. Small, oval leaves. Scarlet berries, very ornamental. The foliage turns a beautiful crimson in autumn. Height about 6 ft.



Philadelphus Virginal

Shrubs

ELDER, CUTLEAF (*Sambucus canadensis acutiloba*)—

About the same habits of growth as common Elder, with green foliage which is very deeply cut. Adds a delicate appearance to a group of shrubs.

ELDER, GOLDEN (*Sambucus canadensis aurea*)—

Of medium height with bright yellow foliage. Valuable in group planting in contrast to the mass of green foliated plants.

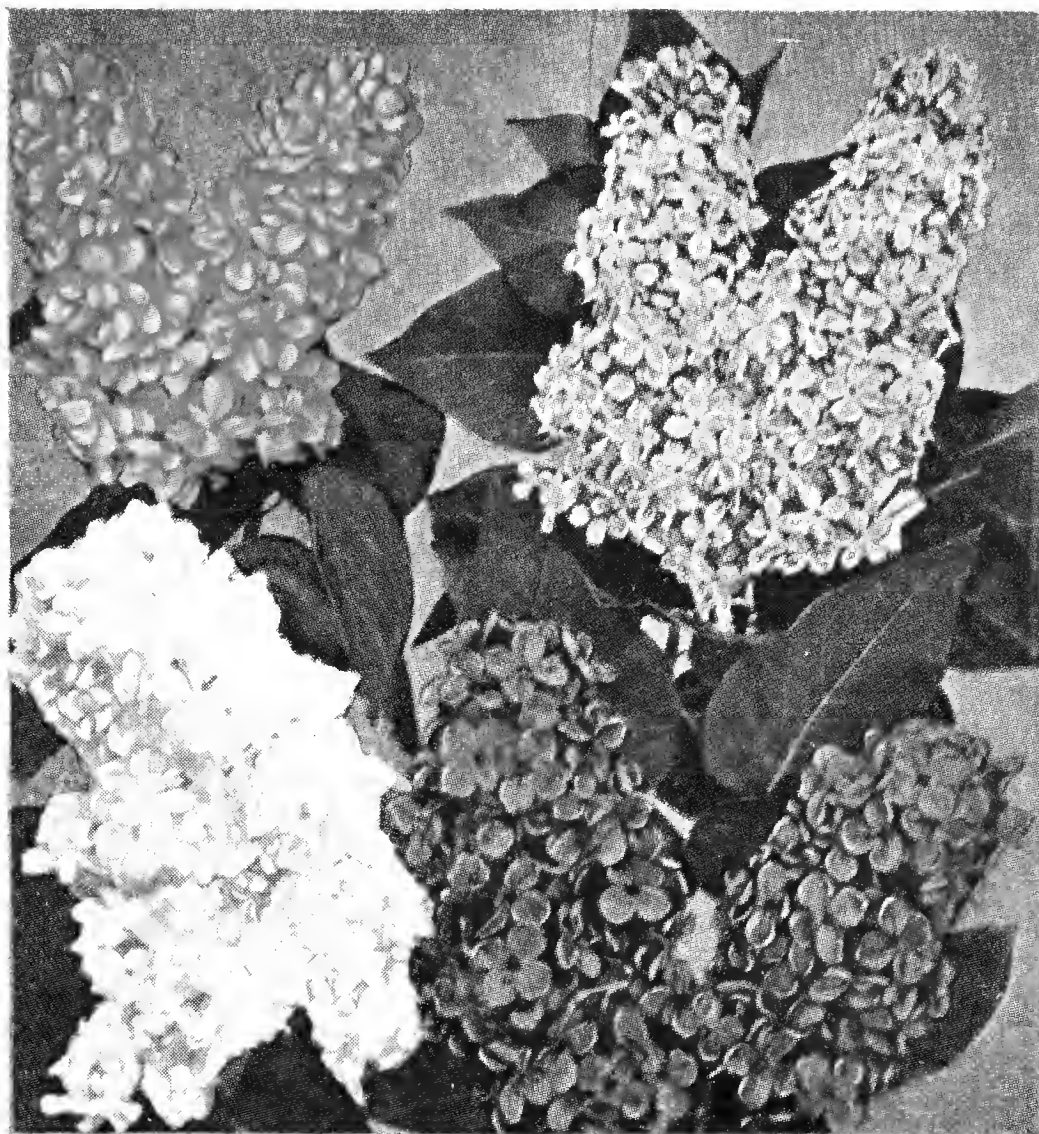
HONEYSUCKLE, MORROW (*Lonicera morrowi*)—

Blooms freely, covered with bright red berries from August until winter. Pink blossoms. Height 5 to 6 feet.

HONEYSUCKLE, TATAR- IAN PINK (*Lonicera tatarica rosea*)—

Very attractive shrub that produces an abundance of fragrant flowers in the spring, and bright red berries in autumn. Upright in growth and attains height of about 8 feet.

*See Hedge Plants also.



Belle De Nancy, Victor Le Moine, Pres. Grevy, Charles X

HYDRANGEA, SNOWHILL (*Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora*)—

Excellent for borders or low foundation plantings. Blooms profusely in July and first of August. Height 3 to 5 feet. Well adapted to shady places.

HYDRANGEA, PEEGEE (*Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora*)—

Every home should have some of these in the yard. Blooms in late summer. Flowers white at first turning to pink and later purple. Does well in partial shade.

LILAC, COMMON PURPLE (*Syringa vulgaris*)—

LILAC, FRENCH HYBRIDS (*Syringa vulgaris*—*Horticultural varieties*)—

The bushes are smaller than the Common Lilac. Flower stalks of the hybrids are many times as large as the common lilac. It is not uncommon to see flower spikes fifteen inches long. The beauty of these shrubs is appreciated by the public as is shown by the great demand.

Belle De Nancy—Produces great panicles of satiny rose blooms with red centers.

Charles X—One of the best of deep purple varieties.

Jacques Callot—A very popular purple lilac.

President Grevy—Double. A clear soft delicate blue.

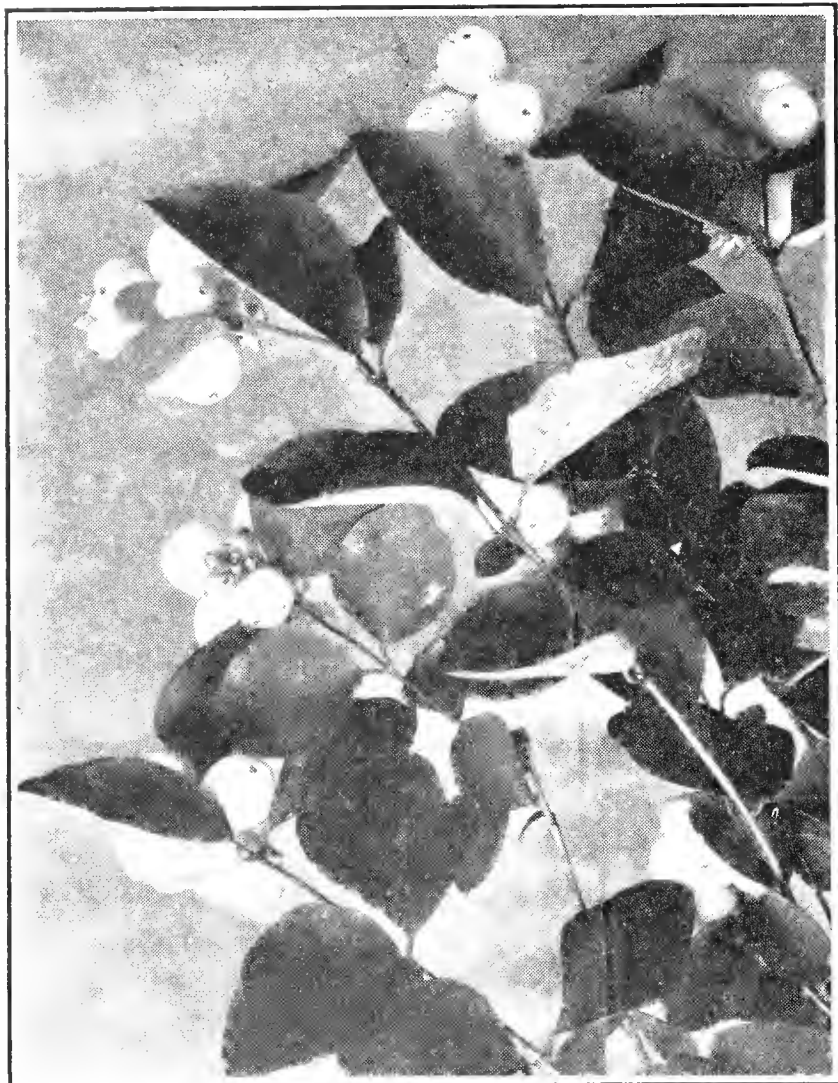
Victor Le Moine—One of the better white lilacs.

LILAC, PERSIAN ROTHMOGENSIS (*Syringa Persica*)—A very profuse blooming, red lilac. The plants do not grow more than 5 to 6 feet high.



Pink Tatarian Honeysuckle

Bailey's Hardy Flowering



Snowberry

MOCKORANGE, SWEET SCENTED (*Philadelphus coronarius*)—One of the older varieties and a truly noble one. It is GOOD ENOUGH WITHOUT IMPROVING. Flowers are pure white, very fragrant and are borne very freely on the large shrub. This variety is extra hardy, growing about 6 to 8 feet high and one of the most popular shrubs planted today.

MOCKORANGE, GOLDEN (*Philadelphus aurea*)—A compact shrub of an ultimate height of 4 feet, with very brilliant yellow foliage. It is a mass of white flowers in May and June.

MOCKORANGE, LEMOINE (*Philadelphus Lemoine*)—A dwarf variety attaining a height of 4 feet. Very fragrant.

MOCKORANGE, VIRGINAL (*Philadelphus virginal*)—A magnificent new variety. Medium height, good foliage, and compact habit. Flowers large, double and semi-double.

RUSSIAN OLIVE (*Elaeagnus angustifolia*)—Large shrub with attractive silver gray foliage. Desirable in large group plantings.

PLUM, DOUBLE FLOWERING (*Prunus triloba*)—Dwarf in habit, producing masses of double pink flowers in early spring. It is very much like the Pink Double Flowering Almond, but is hardier and a better plant for our climate. Height 6 to 8 feet.

PLUM, CISTENA (*Prunus cistena*)—A very compact shrub with bright red foliage. Height 6 to 8 feet.

HANDY REFERENCE LIST OF ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

REFERENCE LIST OF SHRUBS

Dwarf Shrubs—Up to 5 ft.

Barberries
Alpine Currant
Snowhill Hydrangea
Lemoine Mockorange
Golden Mockorange
Snowberry
Spireas

Medium Shrubs—5 to 8 ft.

Flowering Almond
Burning Bush
Cotoneaster
Cranberrybush
Variegated Dogwood
Morrow Honeysuckle
Pee Gee Hydrangea
Persian Lilac
Mockoranges
Flowering Plum
Cistena Plum
Snowball
Tamarix

Tall Shrubs—8 ft. and up

Bechtel's Crab
Dolgo Crab
Dogwoods
Elders
Tatarian Honeysuckle
Russian Olive

Shrubs for Low Foundations

Spireas
Alpine Currant
Barberry
Snowberry
Hydrangea
Golden Mockorange

Shrubs for Screening Purposes

Honeysuckles
Lilacs
Mockoranges
Elders
Dogwoods
Flowering Plums
Flowering Crabs

Attractive Bark

Dogwoods
Burning Bush
Russian Olive

Shrubs with Colored Leaves

Golden Elder
Golden Mockorange
Red Leaf Barberry
Cistena Plum

Shrubs that do well in Shade

Spireas
Japanese Barberry
Hydrangeas
Honeysuckles
Dogwood
Elders
Snowberry
Alpine Currant

Produce Attractive Berries

Barberries
Burning Bush
Cranberrybush
Honeysuckles
Snowberry

Shrubs for Ornamental Planting

SNOWBALL (*Viburnum opulus sterile*)—A popular shrub attaining a height of 6 to 8 feet and having large, round compact clusters of white flowers in May and June.

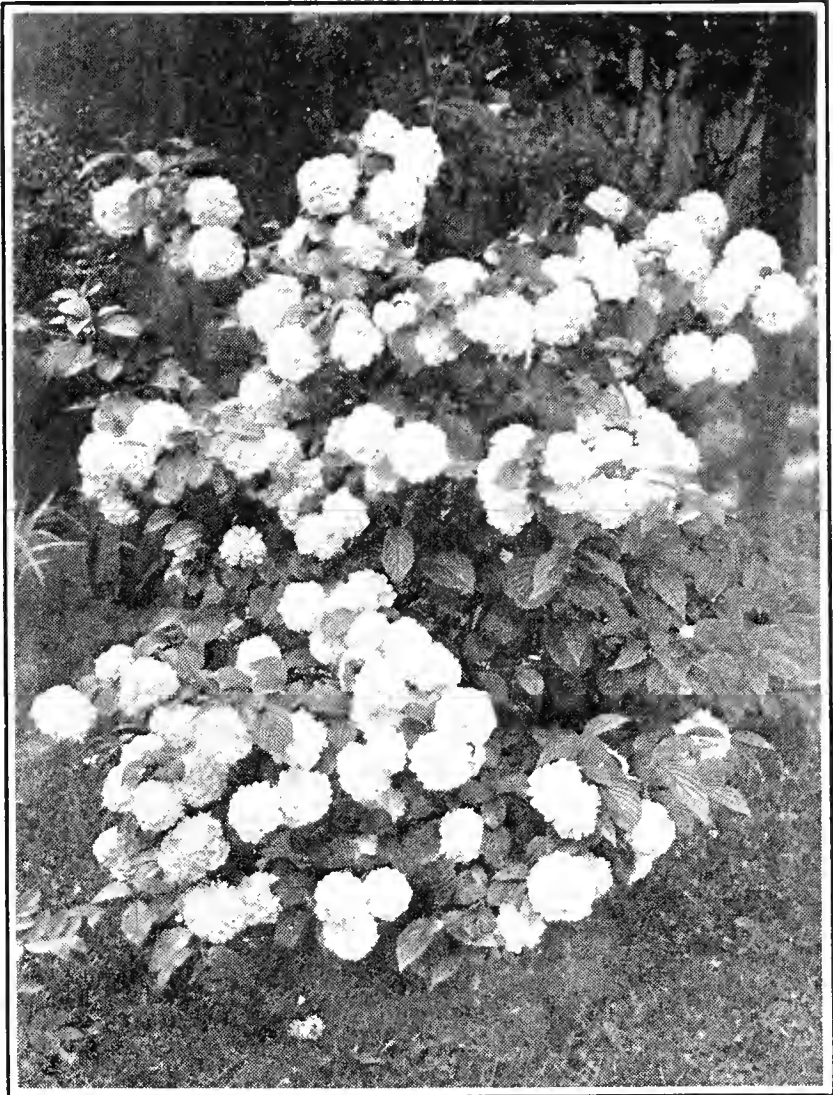
SNOWBERRY, WHITE (*Symphoricarpos racemosus*)—Valuable shrub in group plantings. Conspicuous on account of the masses of snow white berries produced in September and remaining on the bushes into the winter months. Height 4 to 5 feet. Pink flowers in July.

SPIREA, ANTHONY WATERER (*Sp. bumalda Anthony Waterer*)—Beautiful dark small foliage, and dense, rounded growth. Produces an abundance of rose crimson flowers during July and August. Height about 2 feet. Well adapted for foundation and low border plantings.

SPIREA, GOLDEN—Rapid growing variety reaching a height of 8 to 10 feet. Tips of branches bright yellow turning to bronze in fall.

SPIREA, GARLAND (*Sp. arguta*)—Very fine textured, light green foliage, producing an abundance of small white flowers very early in the spring. Height about 4 feet.

SPIREA, BILLARDI (*Sp. billardi*)—An upright growing shrub with narrow, dense spikes of bright pink flowers in July and throughout August. Height 5 to 6 feet.



Snowball

PRICES OF SHRUBS

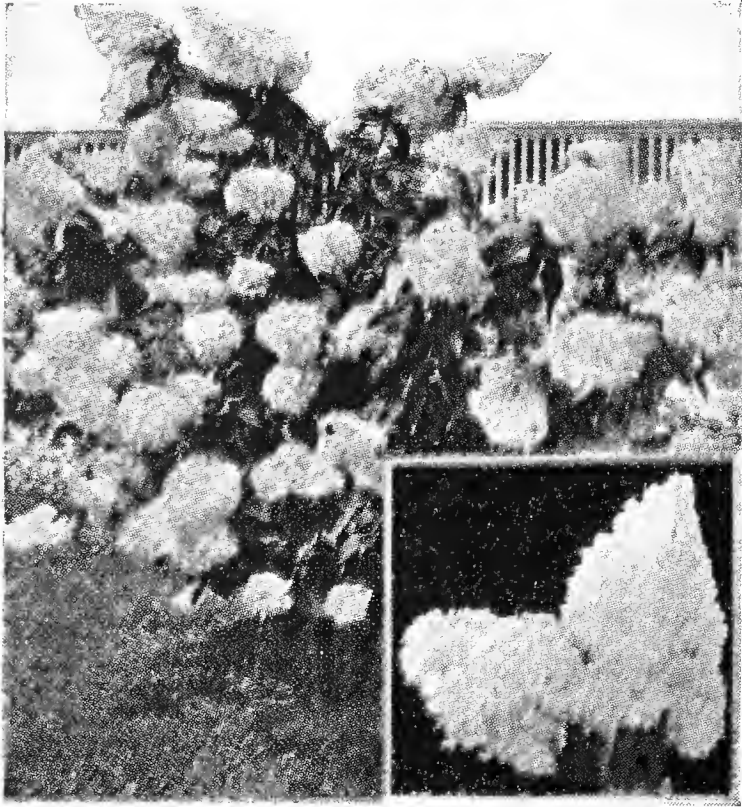
When ordering 5 or more of a variety and size, deduct 10% from these prices

	9-12"	12-18"	18-24"	2-3'	3-4'
Almond, Pink Flowering.....			\$.30	\$.60	\$.75
Barberry, Japanese....		\$.30	.40		
Barberry, Red Leaf....	\$.40	.50	.75		
Beauty Bush.....					.60
Butterfly Bush.....			.30	.35	.50
Burning Bush.....				.75	1.00
Cotoneaster.....		.25	.40	.60	.85
Cranberry Bush.....		.20	.35	.50	
Currant, Alpine.....	.25	.40	.60		
Dogwood, Golden.....			.35	.50	.75
Dogwood, Red Twigged			.35	.50	.75
Dogwood, Variegated..		.25	.50	.75	
Elder, Cut Leaf.....				.50	.75
Elder, Golden.....				.50	
Honeysuckle, Morrow				.50	.75
Honeysuckle, Tatarian					
Pink, 4-5 ft. \$1.00...			.35	.50	.75
Hydrangea, Snowhill..			.50	.75	
Hydrangea, PeeGee....		.35	.50	.75	
Lilac, Common Purple				.50	
French Lilacs.....			.50	.75	1.00
Belle de Nancy, rose					
with red centers					
Charles X, deep purple					
Jacques Callot, purple					
President Grevy, blue					
Victor Lemoine, white					
Lilac, Persian.....			.30	.50	
Mockorange, Sweet					
Scented.....			.35	.50	.75
Mockorange, Golden..		.50			
Mockorange, Lemoine				.60	

	9-12"	12-18"	18-24"	2-3'	3-4'
Mockorange, Virginal.	\$.40	\$.40	\$.50	\$.60	\$.75
Olive, Russian, 4-5 ft.	\$1.00			.50	.75
Plum, Double Flowering, 4-5 ft.	\$1.00			.50	.75
Plum, Cistena, 4-5 ft.	\$1.00			.50	.75
Snowball.....			.35	.50	
Snowberry, White....		.20	.35		
Spirea, Anthony Waterer	.20	.35			
Spirea, Golden.....				.50	
Spirea, Garland.....		.20	.35	.50	.75
Spirea, Billardi.....				.50	.75
Spirea, Callosa alba...	.20				
Spirea, Froebel.....		.35	.50	.75	
Spirea, Ash-leaved....				.50	.75
Spirea, Thunberg.....			.35	.50	
Spirea, Vanhoutte, 4-5 ft. 75c.....			.25	.35	.50
Sumac, Cut Leaf, 4-5 ft. \$1.00.....					.75
Tamarix, 4-5 ft. \$1.00.				.50	.75
Wayfaring Tree.....		.20	.35	.60	

We grade our shrubs according to sizes adopted by the American Association of Nurserymen. This assures you of the size shrub that you will get when ordering from Bailey Nurseries.

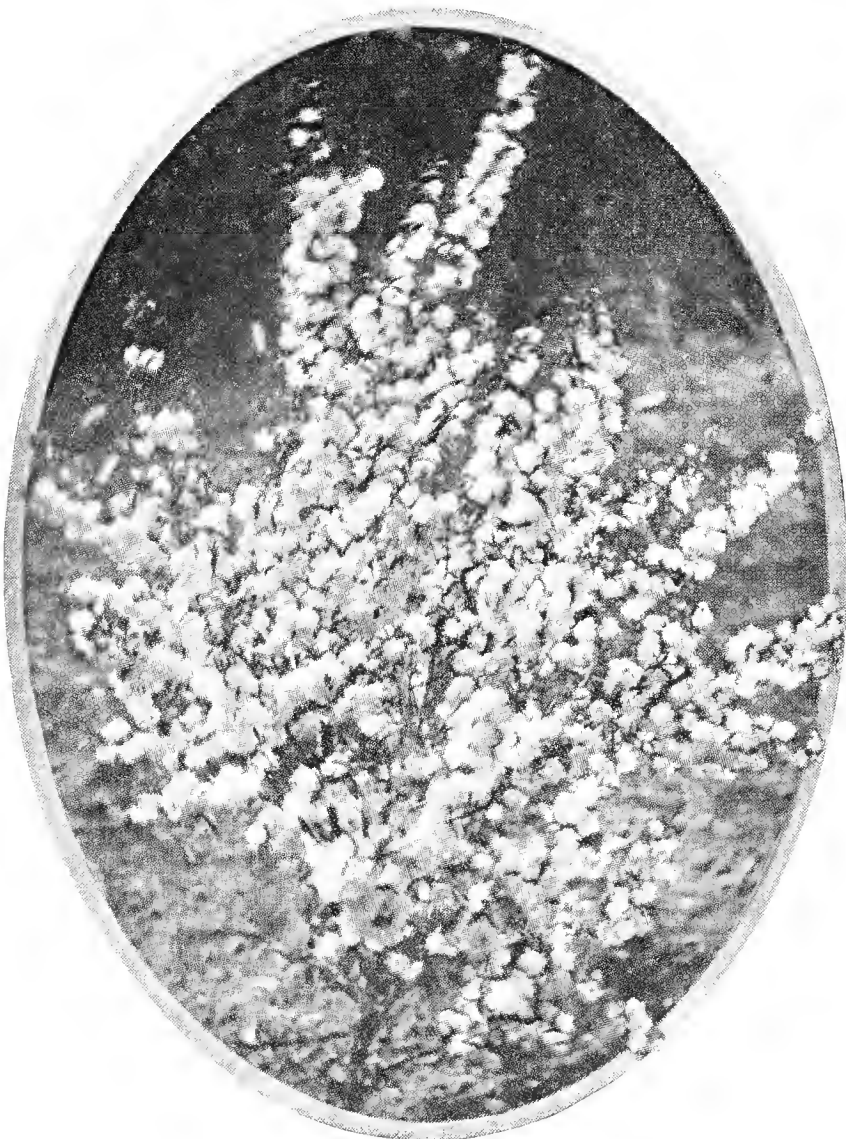
Best Varieties to Choose From



Hydrangea, P. G.

SPIREA, CALLOSA ALBA—Similar to Anthony Waterer in growth and habit. Produces an abundance of white flowers June to August.

SPIREA FROEBEL (Sp. froebeli)—Somewhat similar to Anthony Waterer except it is a stronger grower and reaches a height of three feet. Pink flowers in August.



Double Flowering Plum

SPIREA VANHOUTTE (Bridalwreath) (Sp. Vanhouttei)—Very desirable on account of its beautiful foliage and graceful habit of growth, as well as the masses of white flowers. Exceptionally hardy.

*See Hedge Plants also.

SUMAC, CUTLEAF (Rhus glabra laciniata)—Very graceful looking when in leaf. Leaves, long and deeply cut. Height about 6 feet.

TAMARIX—Very fine foliage producing a fern-like effect. Attains a height of 6 to 8 feet. Pink flowers July to August.

WAYFARING TREE (Viburnum lantana)—Attractive tall growing shrub of 10 to 15 feet. White flowers in June and July. Its light gray foliage is especially attractive.



Barberry, Redleaf

SPIREA, ASH-LEAVED (Sp. sorbifolia)—One of the earliest shrubs to come into leaf in the spring. Long white spikes of flowers in June and July.

SPIREA THUNBERG (Sp. thunbergi)—Foliage is similar to Garland. Attains a height of about three feet. Abundance of white flowers in early spring.

LOCATION OF NURSERY

Our Nursery is located just off Highway 61, at the St. Paul City limits, across the river from South St. Paul.

PARCEL POST

Many of the smaller items can be shipped with less expense by parcel post. If you desire your order by parcel post include 10 per cent for packing and postage. Windbreak trees are prepaid.

HEDGES

beautify and protect your grounds

For boundary, screen or barrier there is nothing more pleasing than a hedge. With their bright green leaves they bring a feeling, inspired by the fresh foliage of spring. Whether when formally trained or left to develop naturally, their arched branches, colored foliage and bright berries are more pleasing than the mechanical effect obtained by the use of a wooden or metal fence. Most hedges are permanent and with the exception of occasional shearing they need little attention after being established.

PLANTING

Spacing varies with the variety used, but, for most of them 10 to 12 inches is the recommended distance. Honeysuckle and Bridalwreath should be about 1½ feet apart. Most hedges should be severely pruned at the time of planting and after that, an occasional shearing to keep it in shape is all that is necessary.

ALPINE CURRANT (*Ribes alpinum*)—This is an exceptionally desirable hedge plant. It retains its dark green foliage very late in the fall. Stands trimming well and produces a very good hedge from 1 to 3 feet high.

BARBERRY, JAPANESE (*Berberis thunbergi*)—This low growing plant is best adapted for a hedge used as a border where the view of other objects is not to be obscured. A spreading plant with beautiful foliage that turns a scarlet in the latter part of the season. Used also as individual specimens and as border plants in groupings. May be trimmed or left informally.

BUCKTHORN (*Rhamnus cathartica*) — Probably the best hedge plant where a rather high hedge or screen is wanted. This plant is very hardy, a vigorous grower, stands pruning exceptionally well.

CARAGANA, SIBERIAN PEA-TREE (*Caragana arborescens*)—Extremely hardy, and also stands dry exposed positions. Trims to a nice hedge from 3 to 8 feet high.

COTONEASTER, PEKING (*Cotoneaster acutifolia*)—The thick glossy leaves of this beautiful shrub turn to an attractive red in the fall. Stands trimming well. A medium height hedge.

HONEYSUCKLE, TATARIAN PINK (*Lonicera tatarica*)—Foliage is very attractive dark green. Makes a medium to tall hedge. More attractive when left informal.

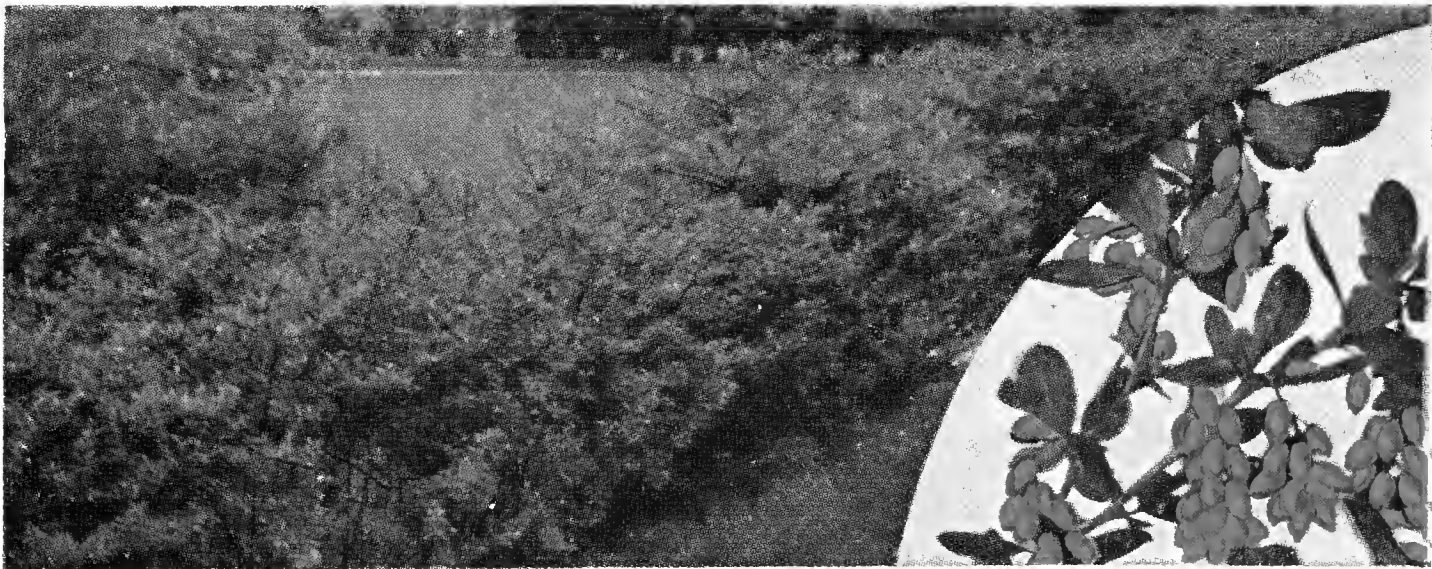


Spirea, VanHoutte Hedge

SPIREA, VANHOUTTE (*Bridalwreath*) (*Sp. vanhouttei*)—A very beautiful hedge requiring no trimming.

PRICES OF HEDGE PLANTS

	Price per 100				
	9-12"	12-18"	18-24"	2-3'	3-4'
Barberry, Japanese.....	\$ 8.00	\$25.00	\$30.00	.....	.....
Current, Alpine.	20.00	30.00	.....	.....	.....
Buckthorn.....	.....	10.00	12.50	\$17.50	\$20.00
Caragana.....	.....	10.00	12.50	17.50	20.00
Cotoneaster.....	.....	.....	30.00	40.00	.....
Honeysuckle, Tatarian Pink.	.....	12.00	30.00	35.00	45.00
Spirea, Vanhoutte.....	.....	17.50	20.00	25.00	35.00



Japanese Barberry Hedge

BAILEY'S

HEAVY

ROOTED

VINES

ROSES



Clematis Jackmani

Vines add charm and beauty to a landscape when properly used. They frequently provide the finishing touches to a planting with variations of foliage, blossoms, and grace.

BITTERSWEET (*Celastrus scandens*)—Produces an abundance of bright red berries that are used for decorative purposes in the winter. Very hardy. Good for covering trellises and screen porches.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI—Produces an abundance of large, violet purple blossoms in July and August.

ENGELMAN IVY (*Ampelopsis engelmanni*) — There is none better, for a clinging vine. Grows very fast and clings to any rough surface. Very hardy.

MATRIMONY VINE (*Lycium*)—Small purple flowers followed by red fruit.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE (*Aristolochia sipho*)—Exceptionally large, heart shaped leaves. Brownish flowers resembling pipes. Rapid grower.

SCARLET TRUMPET HONEYSUCKLE (*Lonicera sempervirens*)—A strong grower, with deep green foliage. Very free flowering and fragrant. Good for covering banks or trellises.

HALL'S JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE (*Lonicera japonica halliana*)—Similar to Scarlet Trumpet except that the flowers are yellow.

PRICES OF VINES

When ordering 5 or more of a variety, deduct 10% from these prices.

	1 yr. strong	2 yr. strong
Bittersweet	\$.25	\$.50
Engelman Ivy		
Matrimony Vine		
Scarlet Trumpet		
Honeysuckle		
Halls Japanese Honeysuckle	}	1.00
Clematis Jackmani		
Dutchmans Pipe		

The RUGOSA HYBRID Roses are greatly improved over the ordinary Rugosa Rose. They are exceptionally hardy and we offer a nice selection of colors. Flowers are all double.

AGNES—The best yellow. Profuse bloomer. Bush is dwarf in habit.

BLANC De COUBERT—A wonderful white rose.

GROOTENDORST—A beautiful rose producing an abundance of blooms similar to Crimson Baby Rambler. Absolutely hardy and continues to bloom late in the fall.

HANSA—Early flowering, combining the ornamental qualities of its Rugosa foliage with the blossom beauty and the perfume of the hybrid perpetuals. The flowers are cup shaped, crimson, and especially fine. Blooms throughout the season.

CLIMBING ROSES

EXCELSA—A red climbing Rose similar to Dorothy Perkins. The beautiful crimson-scarlet, double flowers are borne in large clusters and set in glossy, shining foliage.

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

HUGONIS—An early blooming shrub Rose, producing an abundance of single yellow flowers.

RUBRIFOLIA—A shrub Rose of medium height. Foliage and branches are red.

PRICES OF ROSES

When ordering 5 or more of a variety, deduct 10% from these prices.

Rugosa Hybrid Roses			
Agnes	}	2 yr. heavy	Each 75c
Blanc de Coubert			
Grootendorst			
Hansa	}	2 yr. heavy	60c
		2 yr. medium	40c
Climbing Rose			
Excelsa		2 yr. heavy	75c
Miscellaneous Hardy Roses			
Hugonis	}	2 yr.	75c
Rubrifolia			



Hansa Rose

Trees for Comfort and Beauty

ASH, EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN (*Sorbus aucuparia*)—A beautiful lawn tree which is very attractive the latter part of the summer, when it is covered with masses of red berries. Height 15 to 20 feet.

ASH, WEEPING MOUNTAIN (*Sorbus aucuparia pendula*)—A novel tree for lawn planting. Its long drooping branches nearly reach the ground.

BASSWOOD (AMERICAN LINDEN) (*Tilia americana*)—A very hardy tree that is used extensively in place of the Catalpa in our northern climate.

CATALPA—This tree is especially attractive with its immense dark green leaves. Is not exceptionally hardy and should be planted in a somewhat protected location.

BIRCH, CUTLEAF WEEPING (*Betula pendula gracilis*)—An elegant erect tree with slender drooping branches and finely cut leaves. The bark is white like the ordinary native Birch. There is no tree to take the place of Cutleaf Birch for individual planting on the lawn.

BIRCH, AMERICAN WHITE (*Betula alba*)—A medium sized tree native to Minnesota with beautiful white bark.

BUTTERNUT (*Juglans cinerea*)—A well-known hardy, nut-bearing tree.

CRAB, BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING (*Malus ioensis flora plena*)—A large shrub or small tree, attaining a height of about 10 feet. Produces an abundance of double pink flowers in May, resembling miniature roses. Very fragrant. Hardy.

CRAB, DOLGO (*Malus*)—A very ornamental crab producing an abundance of brilliant red fruits that stay on late in the fall.



Schwedleri Maple

ELM, CHINESE (*Ulmus pumila*)—A fast growing tree. Foliage very fine textured. A very good ornamental and windbreak tree. Stands drought exceptionally well.

*For smaller size, see Windbreak trees.

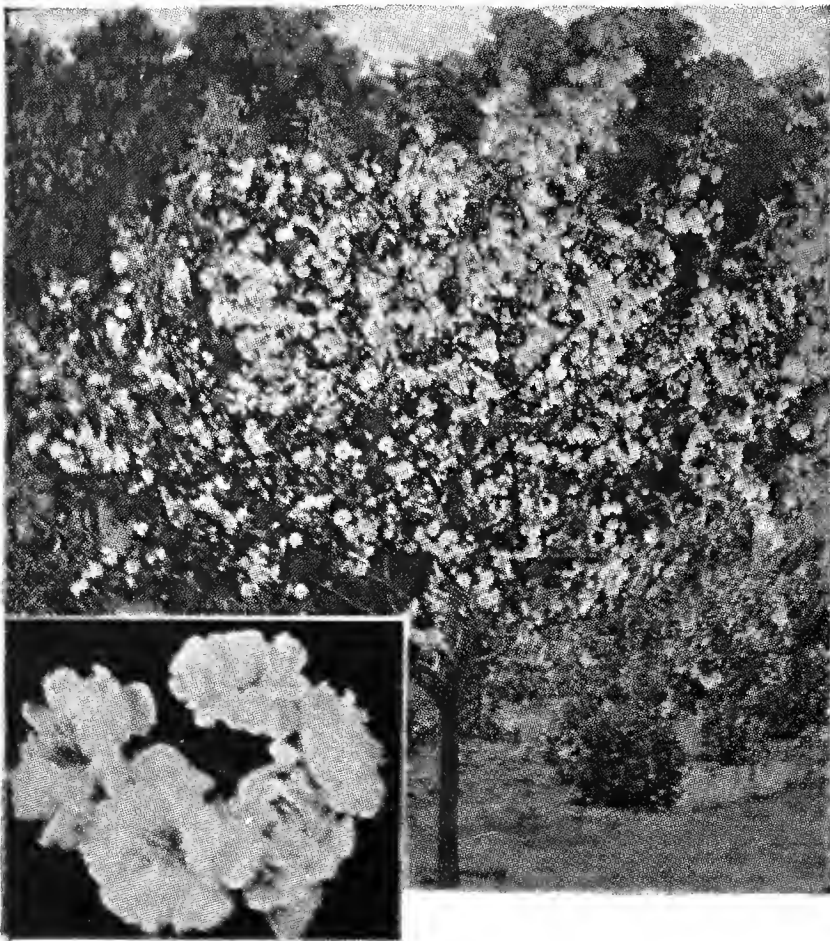
ELM, AMERICAN (*Ulmus americana*)—A magnificent tree, growing 60 to 80 feet high, with drooping, spreading branches, one of the grandest of our native trees, makes a beautiful lawn or boulevard tree. The prices are for well shaped specimen trees. The measurement in inches means the diameter of the tree just above the ground.

PRICES OF DECIDUOUS TREES

When ordering 5 or more of a size and variety, deduct 10% from these prices. Note that the larger sizes are quoted according to caliper.

	2-3'	3-4'	4-5'	5-6'	6-8'	8-10'	11-12'
Ash, Mountain	\$	\$	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$	\$
Ash, Weeping Mountain	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	3.00 (2 yr. head)	. . . .	. . . .
Basswood	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	1.50	. . . .
Catalpa	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	1.75	. . . .
Birch, Cut Leaf Weeping	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	2.50	3.25	4.25	. . . .
Birch, White	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	1.25	1.75	. . . .	. . . .
Butternut	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	1.75	. . . .	. . . .
Crab, Bechtels	.75	1.25	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .
Crab, Dolgo specimen	.50	1.00	1.25	1.75	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .
Elm, Chinese	. . . .	.25	.50	.75	1.00	1.50	2.25
Elm, American, 2" \$2.50, 2½" \$3.50, 3" \$5.00	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	1.00	2.00
Horse Chestnut	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	5.00	. . . .	. . . .
Maple, Sugar	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	2.00	. . . .	4.00
Maple, Norway	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	2.00	3.00	. . . .
Maple, Schwedler, 7-8' unbranched \$2.00	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	4.00	5.00
Maple, Soft or Silver	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	1.00	. . . .	. . . .
Plum, Double Flowering	.50	.75	1.00	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .
Plum, Cistena	.50	.75	1.00	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .
Poplar, Bolleana	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	1.50	2.50	3.50
Poplar, Lombardy	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	.50	.75	1.25	2.00
Walnut, Black	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	2.00	. . . .	. . . .
Willow, Golden	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	.75	1.50	. . . .	. . . .
Willow, Niobe Weeping	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	2.00	2.50	. . . .
Willow, Laurel Leaf	. . . .	.25	.50	.75	1.50	. . . .	. . . .

PLANT CHINESE ELM FOR QUICK SHADE



Bechtel's Double Flowering Crab

HORSE CHESTNUT (*Aesculus hippocastanum*)—A beautiful tree, especially attractive in the spring when its large buds burst open.

MAPLE, SUGAR OR HARD (*Acer saccharum*)—Symmetrical tree, with a round dense head. Bright green foliage that turns to red in the fall.

MAPLE, NORWAY (*Acer platanoides*)—A hardwood tree resembling Sugar Maple in appearance. Dark green foliage. Makes a beautiful shade or street tree.

MAPLE, SCHWEDLERS REDLEAF (*Acer platanoides schwedleri*)—A very ornamental hard wood tree. Foliage is a bright red in the early part of the summer and then again in Autumn.

MAPLE, SOFT OR SILVER (*Acer dasycarpum*)—One of the best rapid growing shade trees.

PLUM, DOUBLE FLOWERING (*Prunus triloba*)—See Page 22.

PLUM, CISTENA (PURPLE LEAF) (*Prunus cistena*)—See Page 22.

POPLAR, BOLLEANA (*Populus alba bolleana*)—One of the most desirable upright growing poplars. A tall, slender tree, leaves deeply cut and bright silver underneath. Bark is an attractive green throughout the year.

POPLAR, LOMBARDY (*Populus nigra italica*)—A very slender tree which grows to a great height. Used very effectively in landscape plantings where some point is to be emphasized or to screen off some undesirable scene. Also produces a very quick windbreak.

WALNUT, Black (*Juglans nigra*)—One of the hardier, nut-bearing trees.

WILLOW, GOLDEN (*Salix alba*)—A fast growing willow that thrives in moist locations. Bark is bright yellow.

WILLOW, NIOBE WEeping (*Salix alba fragilis*)—A small tree with graceful, golden, drooping branches. One of the best of Weeping Willows.

WILLOW, LAUREAL LEAF—Bright green, glossy foliage. Bark is dark green.

WHERE TO PLANT TREES

Trees planted about the house should accomplish the two-fold purpose of framing the view of the house, and providing shade at the right place and at the time of day when it is needed. Trees planted nearer the corners of the house, rather than directly in front, will greatly enhance the appearance of the home and provide the much needed shade as well.

Ordinarily trees should be planted sufficiently far apart to allow them to develop naturally. An exception is when they are used for screening out some unsightly view or for windbreak purposes. Small, ornamental trees can display their flower or fruit to advantage either on the lawn or in the border.



Chinese Elm

EVERGREENS

for
Year-'round
Beauty

A Rare Bargain

2 Bl. Hill Spruce

12-18 in.

1 Mugho Pine 12 in.

1 Austrian Pine

12-18 in.

2 Am. Arborvitae 12-18 in.

Not Balled and Burlapped

6 FOR \$2.48

Evergreens present a broad opportunity for plant lovers to produce rich and beautiful effects that cannot be surpassed by any other class of plants. Evergreens are used for specimens on lawns, also extensively for massing, shelterbelts, screens, hedges, etc. Many varieties adapt themselves and are indispensable in your foundation planting. They form perfect backgrounds for the flowering shrubs of early spring, for the berries of autumn and winter's tracery of bright bark and twigs. Beautiful beds of permanent color are formed by grouping together sorts of moderate growth, with contrasting foliage.

To be successful in planting evergreens, the planter should use great care to obtain stock that has been frequently transplanted while growing to insure a thick, fibrous root system. We are very careful to offer only such stock as will measure up to these very important requirements, thereby saving our customers from disappointment.

In the larger size Evergreens it is necessary, for the best results, to ball and burlap the roots. This consists of digging the trees and wrapping the roots in a solid ball of dirt.

We keep a large assortment of evergreens in our sales yard, dug fresh every day, and consequently, it is not necessary to go out into the fields to select your trees.

ARBORVITAE

AMERICAN (*Thuja occidentalis*)—Does well in a sunny location, but will stand some shade, a moist location is preferred.

GLOBE (*Thuja occidentalis globosa*)—A globe-shaped Arborvitae which does not require pruning to retain its shape. Dwarf in habit.

PYRAMIDAL (*Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis*)—Undoubtedly the most popular form of Arborvitae today. This tree fills a real need in landscaping and has a place of importance in practically every evergreen planting. Thrives best in a south or east exposure.

SIBERIAN (*Thuja occidentalis wareana*)—A symmetrical, compact grower. Very long lived. A dwarf, broad pyramidal tree.

FIR

CONCOLOR (*Abies concolor*)

—An upright, symmetrical tree. Striking foliage varying from light green to deep soft blue.

DOUGLAS (*Pseudotsuga douglasi*)—A rapid grower that thrives well in almost any location.

JUNIPERS

ANDORRA (*Jun. communis depressa plumosa*)

—A very fine dwarf prostrate Juniper. Especially attractive in the late fall and winter when the needles turn a bright brown.

BLACK HILLS CREEPING—A very desirable dwarf for rock gardens and border planting, also for covering slopes.



Mugho Pine

BAILEY-GROWN EVERGREENS ARE

SPINY GREEK (*Jun. excelsa stricta*)—A very compact, dwarf pyramidal tree. Height about 4 feet.

CHINESE (*Jun. Chinensis*)—Pyramidal tree, extremely robust nature. Easily transplanted.

PYRAMIDAL CHINESE (*Jun. chinensis pyramidalis*)—A very slender pyramidal form of the *Chinensis*. Used very effectively at corners of houses, etc.

COMMUNIS—A dwarf spreading type of Cedar. Extremely hardy.

DUNDEE (*Jun. virginiana pyramidiformia hillii*)—A recent introduction which has proven hardy and valuable in any landscape planting. It is superior to the Red Cedar because of its symmetrical, compact growth and attractive coloring. Foliage is a bluish-gray in the spring and summer and changes to a plum-like color in the fall and winter. Reaches a height of about 15 feet unless sheared.

MEYERS' (*Jun. squamata meyerii*)—A unique plant of recent introduction with irregular growth. A very odd evergreen that can be used in an informal foundation planting. Height about 3 feet.

PFITZER (*Jun. chinensis pfitzeriana*)—A very hardy evergreen of medium height with spreading branches. We have it available in the upright or dwarf form. A very fine ornamental evergreen for informal planting.

SAVIN (*Jun. sabina*)—A beautiful dwarf, spreading Cedar. Dark green foliage. One of the best dwarfs for foundation and group plantings.

SILVER (*Jun. scopolorum*)—Similar to Red Cedar except that it is a beautiful silver color.

CHANDLER'S SILVER (*Jun. scopolorum Chandler's Silver*)—An extremely blue form of the *Scopolorum* with similar habits of growth.

RED CEDAR (*Jun. virginiana*)—This tree is valuable for group plantings as well as for specimen trees. As winter comes on, the tips of the new foliage present a brownish appearance and make a very beautiful picture.

CANNART (*Jun. virginiana cannarti*)—A pyramidal tree with rich, green foliage. Used sometimes in place of Pyramidal Arborvitae because of its hardiness.

GLAUCA (*Jun. virginiana glauca*)—Similar in habit of growth to Cannart. Foliage a bright silver.

WAUKEEGAN (*Jun. horizontalis douglasi*)—Another very good trailer with dark blue foliage.

PINE

AUSTRIAN (*P. nigra*)—A very symmetrical upright growing Pine. One of our best Pines for specimen or group plantings.

MUGHO (*P. montana mughus*)—Of low, dense spreading growth, with very dark green foliage. Very hardy. Ideal as dwarf, specimen plants.

NORWAY (*P. resinosa*)—An ornamental Pine for quick growth. It is also an exceptionally fine windbreak tree.

PONDEROSA (*P. ponderosa*)—One of the hardiest of the Pines. A very vigorous grower attaining a height of 20 to 30 feet. Thrives in sand or clay soil.

WHITE (*P. strobus*)—The fine textured, graceful branches of the White Pine are familiar to most of us. Few other Pines equal this variety in hardiness and effect.

SCOTCH (*P. sylvestris*)—This is a rugged grower and will stand a great deal of wind and drought. A very good windbreak tree.

SPRUCE

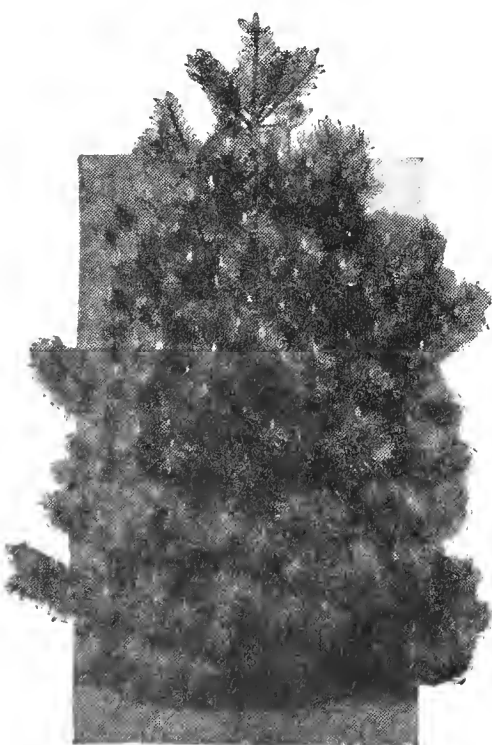
BLACK HILLS (*Picea canadensis albertiana*)—Next to the Colorado Spruce these trees are the most popular of the Evergreens. They are noted for their deep green color and symmetrical habit of growth.

COLORADO BLUE (*Picea pungens glauca*)—This is the most popular Evergreen for speci-

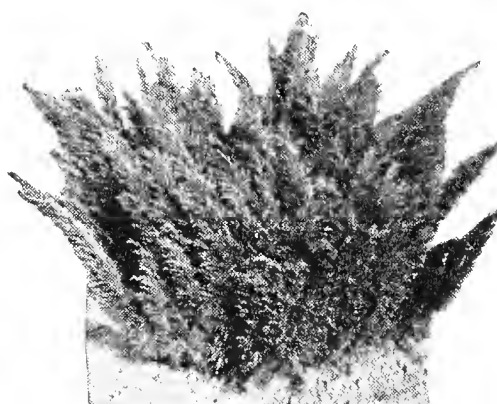
men planting. Color of foliage ranges from green to a silver blue. We have a very fine large stock of this variety and offer unlimited selection.

NORWAY (*Picea excelsa*)—The fastest growing variety of Spruce.

WHITE (*Picea canadensis*)—Somewhat similar to Black Hills Spruce, but growth is faster and more open.



Scotch Pine



Savin's Juniper



Pyramidal Arborvitae

WELL-ROOTED SPECIMEN TREES

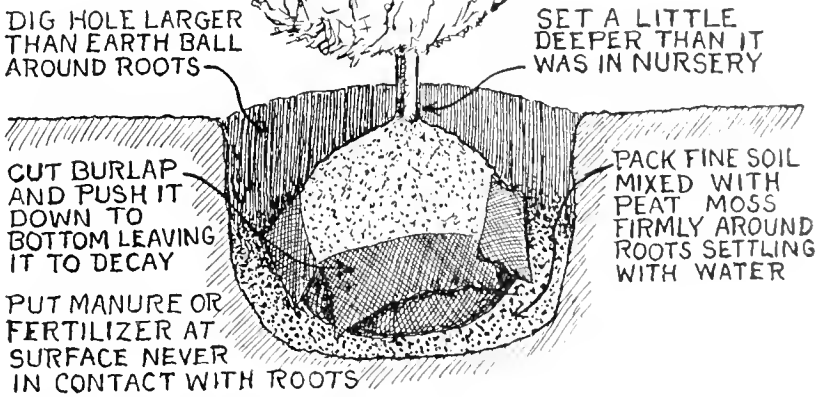
PLANTING SEASONS

Spring:
April and May

Fall:
August, September, and October

PLANTING EVERGREENS

Dig the hole a foot wider and deeper than the root ball. Place some good loamy top soil in the hole and set the tree a trifle lower than it stood in the nursery. Do not remove the burlap, as it disturbs root soil. It is only necessary to roll it back or cut it away from the top as the remainder will soon rot away. Then fill up around the ball with good top soil, packing firmly by tamping or settling with water and finish off with loose soil. Ask for complete planting instruction booklet.



PRICES OF EVERGREENS

Prices of evergreens include balling and burlapping. 5 or more trees of a variety and size entitle you to a 10% discount from these prices.

	12-18 in.	18-24 in.	24-30 in.	30-36 in.	3-4 ft.	4-5 ft.	5-6 ft.	6-7 ft.
ARBORVITAE								
American.....	\$....	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$2.50	\$3.50	\$5.00	\$ 7.50	\$10.00
Globe.....	2.00	3.00	5.00					
Pyramidal.....		1.75	2.50	3.25	4.50	6.00	10.00	
Siberian.....	2.00	3.00	4.25					
FIR								
Concolor.....				5.50	6.50	9.00	10.50	
Douglas.....					4.00	7.00	11.00	
JUNIPERS								
Andorra.....		2.50	4.00	5.00				
Black Hills Creeping.....	2.00	2.50	4.00					
Spiny Greek.....	2.50	3.00	3.50					
Chinese.....				2.50	4.00	6.00	7.50	10.00
Chinese Pyramidal.....					4.00	6.00	7.50	
Communis.....		2.00	2.50					
Dundee.....				4.00	5.00	7.00	10.00	
Meyers'.....	2.50	3.50						
Pfitzer.....	2.25	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00			
Savin.....	2.00	2.75	3.50	4.00	5.00			
Silver.....			5.00	6.00	7.00			
Chandler's Silver.....			5.50	6.50				
Red Cedar.....			2.50	3.50	5.00	6.50	8.00	10.00
Cannart.....				4.00	5.00	7.00	10.00	13.00
Glauca.....				4.00	5.00	7.00	10.00	13.00
Waukeegan.....	2.00	2.50	4.00					
PINES								
Austrian.....		2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	7.00	12.50	
Mugho.....	2.00	2.75	3.50	4.50	6.00	10.00		
Norway.....					3.50	5.00	6.00	
Ponderosa.....			2.50	3.50	4.50	6.00		
Scotch.....		1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00			
White.....				2.50	3.00	5.00	7.50	
SPRUCE								
Black Hills.....	1.50	2.00	3.00	3.50	4.50	7.00	10.00	15.00
Colorado Blue Shiners...	2.50	3.00	4.00	5.00				25.00
3-3½ ft. \$ 6.50								
3½-4 ft. 8.00								
4-4½ ft. 10.00								
4½-5 ft. 12.50								
5-5½ ft. 15.00								
5½-6 ft. 18.50								
Colorado.....	1.50	2.00	3.00	4.00			12.50	17.50
3-3½ ft. \$ 5.00								
3½-4 ft. 6.00								
4-4½ ft. 8.00								
4½-5 ft. 10.00								
Norway.....	.75	1.00	2.00	2.50	3.50	5.00		
White.....	1.00	1.50	2.50	3.00	4.00			



Colorado Blue Spruce



Black Hills Spruce

A Complete Windbreak

These 4 Choice Varieties Grouped Together at an Amazingly Low Price

25 Colorado Blue Spruce	3 years old
25 Black Hills Spruce	3 years old
50 Ponderosa Pine	2 years old
100 Siberian Chinese Elm	1 year old

200 Trees for \$4.85 Prepaid



Ponderosa Pine



Chinese Elm